

Social Insurance and Human Services

This section presents data related to governmental expenditures for social insurance and human services; governmental programs for old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance (OASDHI); governmental employee retirement; private pension plans; government unemployment and temporary disability insurance; federal supplemental security income payments and aid to the needy; child and other welfare services; and federal food programs. Also included here are selected data on workers compensation and vocational rehabilitation, child support, child care, charity contributions, and philanthropic trusts and foundations.

The principal source for these data is the Social Security Administration's *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin* which presents current data on many of the programs.

Social insurance under the Social Security Act—Programs established by the Social Security Act provide protection against wage loss resulting from retirement, prolonged disability, death, or unemployment, and protection against the cost of medical care during old age and disability. The federal OASDI program provides monthly benefits to retired or disabled insured workers and their dependents and to survivors of insured workers. To be eligible, a worker must have had a specified period of employment in which OASDI taxes were paid. The age of eligibility for full retirement benefits has been 65 years old for many years. However, for persons born in 1938 or later that age will gradually increase until it reaches age 67 for those born after 1959. Reduced benefits may be obtained as early as age 62. The worker's spouse is under the same limitations. Survivor benefits are payable to dependents of deceased insured workers. Disability benefits are payable to an insured worker under full retirement age with a prolonged disability and to the disabled worker's dependents on the same basis as

dependents of retired workers. Disability benefits are provided at age 50 to the disabled widow or widower of a deceased worker who was fully insured at the time of death. Disabled children, aged 18 or older, of retired, disabled, or deceased workers are also eligible for benefits. A lump sum benefit is generally payable on the death of an insured worker to a spouse or minor children. For information on the medicare program, see Section 3, Health and Nutrition.

Retirement, survivors, disability, and hospital insurance benefits are funded by a payroll tax on annual earnings (up to a maximum of earnings set by law) of workers, employers, and the self-employed. The maximum taxable earnings are adjusted annually to reflect increasing wage levels (see Table 525). Effective January 1994, there is no dollar limit on wages and self-employment income subject to the hospital insurance tax. Tax receipts and benefit payments are administered through federal trust funds. Special benefits for uninsured persons; hospital benefits for persons aged 65 and over with specified amounts of social security coverage less than that required for cash benefit eligibility; and that part of the cost of supplementary medical insurance not financed by contributions from participants are financed from federal general revenues.

Unemployment insurance is presently administered by the U.S. Employment and Training Administration and each state's employment security agency. By agreement with the U.S. Secretary of Labor, state agencies also administer unemployment compensation for eligible ex-military personnel and federal employees. Under state unemployment insurance laws, benefits related to the individual's past earnings are paid to unemployed eligible workers. State laws vary concerning the length of time benefits are paid and their amount. In most states, benefits are payable for 26 weeks and, during periods

of high unemployment, extended benefits are payable under a federal-state program to those who have exhausted their regular state benefits. Some states also supplement the basic benefit with allowances for dependents.

Unemployment insurance is funded by a federal unemployment tax levied on the taxable payrolls of most employers. Taxable payroll under the federal act and 12 state laws is the first \$7,000 in wages paid each worker during a year. Forty-one states have taxable payrolls above \$7,000. Employers are allowed a percentage credit of taxable payroll for contributions paid to states under state unemployment insurance laws. The remaining percent of the federal tax finances administrative costs, the federal share of extended benefits, and advances to states. About 97 percent of wage and salary workers are covered by unemployment insurance.

Retirement programs for government employees—The Civil Service Retirement System (CSRS) and the Federal Employees' Retirement System (FERS) are the two major programs providing age and service, disability, and survivor annuities for federal civilian employees. In general, employees hired after December 31, 1983, are covered under FERS and the social security program (OASDHI), and employees on staff prior to that date are members of CSRS and are covered under medicare. CSRS employees were offered the option of transferring to FERS during 1987 and 1998. There are separate retirement systems for the uniformed services (supplementing OASDHI) and for certain special groups of federal employees. State and local government employees are covered for the most part by state and local retirement systems similar to the federal CSRS. In many jurisdictions these benefits supplement OASDHI coverage.

Workers' compensation—All states provide protection against work-connected injuries and deaths, although some states exclude certain workers (e.g., domestic workers). Federal laws cover federal employees, private employees in the District of Columbia, and longshoremen and harbor workers. In addition, the Department of Labor administers "black lung"

benefits programs for coal miners disabled by pneumoconiosis and for specified dependents and survivors. Specified occupational diseases are compensable to some extent. In most states, benefits are related to the worker's salary. The benefits may or may not be augmented by dependents' allowances or automatically adjusted to prevailing wage levels.

Income support—Income support programs are designed to provide benefits for persons with limited income and resources. The Supplemental Security Income (SSI) program and Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program are the major programs providing monthly payments. In addition, a number of programs provide money payments or in-kind benefits for special needs or purposes. Several programs offer food and nutritional services. Also, various federal-state programs provide energy assistance, public housing, and subsidized housing to individuals and families with low incomes. General assistance may also be available at the state or local level.

The SSI program, administered by the Social Security Administration, provides income support to persons aged 65 or older and blind or disabled adults and children. Eligibility requirements and federal payment standards are nationally uniform. Most states supplement the basic SSI payment for all or selected categories of persons.

The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 contained provisions that replaced the Aid to Families With Dependent Children (AFDC), Job Opportunities and Basic Skills (JOBS), and Emergency Assistance programs with the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families block grant program. This law contains strong work requirements, comprehensive child support enforcement, support for families moving from welfare to work, and other features. The TANF became effective as soon as each state submitted a complete plan implementing TANF, but no later than July 1, 1997. The AFDC program provided cash assistance based on need, income, resources, and family size.

Federal food stamp program—Under the food stamp program, single persons and those living in households meeting nationwide standards for income and assets may receive coupons redeemable for food at most retail food stores or provides benefits through electronic benefit transfer. The monthly amount of benefits or allotments a unit receives is determined by household size and income. Households without income receive the determined monthly cost of a nutritionally adequate diet for their household size. This amount is updated to account for food price increases. Households with income receive the difference between the amount of a nutritionally adequate diet and 30 percent of their income, after certain allowable deductions.

To qualify for the program, a household must have less than \$2,000 in disposable assets (\$3,000 if one member is aged 60 or older), gross income below 130 percent of the official poverty guidelines for the household size, and net income below 100 percent of the poverty guidelines. Households with a person aged 60 or older or a disabled person receiving SSI, social security, state general assistance, or veterans' disability benefits may have gross income exceeding 130 percent of the poverty guidelines. All households in which all members receive TANF or SSI are categorically eligible for food stamps without meeting these income or resource criteria. Households are certified for varying lengths of time, depending on their income sources and individual circumstances.

Health and welfare services—

Programs providing health and welfare services are aided through federal grants to states for child welfare services, vocational rehabilitation, activities for the aged, maternal and child health services, maternity and infant care projects, comprehensive health services, and a variety of public health activities. For information about the medicaid program, see Section 3, Health and Nutrition.

Noncash benefits—The U.S. Census Bureau annually collects data on the characteristics of recipients of noncash (in-kind) benefits to supplement the collection of annual money income data in the Current Population Survey (see text, Section 1, Population, and Section 14, Prices). Noncash benefits are those benefits received in a form other than money which serve to enhance or improve the economic well-being of the recipient. As for money income, the data for noncash benefits are for the calendar year prior to the date of the interview. The major categories of noncash benefits covered are public transfers (e.g., food stamps, school lunch, public housing, and medicaid) and employer or union-provided benefits to employees.

Statistical reliability—For discussion of statistical collection, estimation, and sampling procedures and measures of statistical reliability applicable to HHS and Census Bureau data, see Appendix III.

No. 518. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals—Summary: 1970 to 2002

[In billions of dollars (69.5 represents \$69,500,000,000)]

Year	Total	Retirement & disability insurance benefits	Medical payments	Income maintenance benefits	Unemployment insurance benefits	Veterans benefits	Federal education & training assistance payments ¹	Other ²
1970	69.5	34.3	13.2	9.9	4.2	7.5	0.4	0.1
1980	263.4	128.8	62.6	34.3	18.7	14.7	4.1	0.2
1990	561.5	264.2	188.8	63.5	18.2	17.7	7.3	1.8
1991	635.3	286.0	222.8	72.5	26.9	18.1	7.3	1.8
1992	715.5	305.0	257.7	84.6	39.7	18.6	8.0	2.0
1993	759.9	321.2	283.6	90.3	34.9	19.4	9.1	1.5
1994	795.2	335.1	310.7	95.6	24.0	19.7	8.6	1.5
1995	840.0	350.3	336.5	100.4	21.8	20.5	9.0	1.4
1996	883.1	364.9	361.7	102.6	22.4	21.4	8.6	1.6
1997	912.8	379.3	377.3	100.5	20.3	22.2	11.5	1.6
1998	932.6	391.8	383.7	101.1	19.9	23.2	11.2	1.8
1999	966.5	402.5	401.1	104.8	20.8	24.1	11.4	1.9
2000	1,018.1	424.8	427.7	106.6	20.7	24.9	11.0	2.4
2001	1,116.2	449.7	481.5	110.0	32.2	26.5	13.1	3.2
2002	1,220.9	472.6	526.3	121.9	54.0	29.6	13.8	2.7

¹ See footnote 9, Table 519. ² See footnote 10, Table 519.

No. 519. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals by Type: 1990 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (561,484 represents \$561,484,000,000)]

Item	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total	561,484	840,034	932,552	966,502	1,018,106	1,116,212	1,220,858
Retirement & disability insurance benefit payments	264,230	350,310	391,758	402,507	424,810	449,650	472,564
Old age, survivors, & disability insurance	244,135	327,667	369,242	379,763	401,218	424,985	446,559
Railroad retirement and disability	7,221	8,028	8,225	8,203	8,265	8,412	8,698
Worker's compensation payments (federal & state)	8,618	10,530	10,344	10,429	10,845	11,191	11,457
Other government disability insurance & retirement ¹	4,256	4,085	3,947	4,112	4,482	5,062	5,850
Medical payments	188,808	336,506	383,687	401,097	427,689	481,483	526,310
Medicare	107,638	179,147	205,839	209,110	219,612	243,372	263,750
Public assistance medical care ²	78,176	155,007	175,278	189,252	205,021	234,648	258,658
Military medical insurance ³	2,994	2,352	2,570	2,735	3,056	3,463	3,902
Income maintenance benefit payments	63,481	100,443	101,102	104,777	106,616	110,047	121,884
Supplemental Security Income (SSI)	16,670	27,726	30,322	31,023	31,675	33,162	34,664
Family assistance ⁴	19,187	22,637	17,429	17,920	18,440	18,630	19,729
Food stamps	14,741	22,447	16,462	15,473	14,896	15,998	18,642
Other income maintenance ⁵	12,883	27,633	36,889	40,361	41,605	42,257	48,849
Unemployment insurance benefit payments	18,208	21,838	19,879	20,756	20,680	32,195	53,974
State unemployment insurance compensation	17,644	20,937	19,178	20,015	19,913	31,352	52,939
Unemployment compensation for federal civilian employees	215	339	235	207	226	246	327
Unemployment compensation for railroad employees	89	62	61	65	81	98	96
Unemployment compensation for veterans	144	320	210	201	182	217	325
Other unemployment compensation ⁶	116	180	195	268	278	282	287
Veterans benefit payments	17,687	20,546	23,168	24,053	24,935	26,488	29,579
Veterans pension and disability	15,550	17,565	20,049	20,904	21,895	23,283	25,940
Veterans readjustment ⁷	257	1,086	1,220	1,323	1,323	1,504	1,906
Veterans life insurance benefits	1,868	1,884	1,891	1,817	1,707	1,691	1,722
Other assistance to veterans ⁸	12	11	8	9	10	10	11
Federal education & training assistance payments ⁹	7,300	9,007	11,189	11,367	10,985	13,130	13,844
Other payments to individuals ¹⁰	1,770	1,384	1,769	1,945	2,391	3,219	2,703

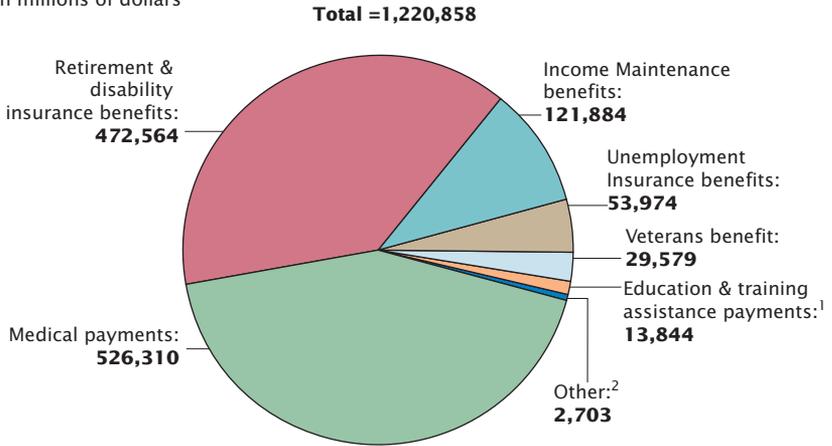
¹ Consists largely of temporary disability payments, pension benefit guaranty payments, and black lung payments.
² Consists of medicaid and other medical vendor payments. ³ Consists of payments made under the TriCare Management Program (formerly called CHAMPUS) for the medical care of dependents of active duty military personnel and of retired military personnel and their dependents at nonmilitary medical facilities. ⁴ Through 1995, consists of emergency assistance and aid to families with dependent children. Beginning with 1998, consists of benefits—generally known as temporary assistance for needy families—provided under the Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996. ⁵ Consists largely of general assistance, expenditures for food under the supplemental program for women, infants, and children; refugee assistance; foster home care and adoption assistance; earned income tax credits; and energy assistance. ⁶ Consists of trade readjustment allowance payments, Redwood Park benefit payments, public service employment benefit payments, and transitional benefit payments. ⁷ Consists largely of veterans' readjustment benefit payments, educational assistance to spouses and children of disabled or deceased veterans, payments to paraplegics, and payments for autos and conveyances for disabled veterans. ⁸ Consists largely of State and local government payments to veterans. ⁹ Excludes veterans. Consists largely of federal fellowship payments (National Science Foundation fellowships and traineeships, subsistence payments to state maritime academy cadets, and other federal fellowships), interest subsidy on higher education loans, basic educational opportunity grants, and Job Corps payments. ¹⁰ Consists largely of Bureau of Indian Affairs payments, education exchange payments, Alaska Permanent Fund dividend payments, compensation of survivors of public safety officers, compensation of victims of crime, disaster relief payments, compensation for Japanese internment, and other special payments to individuals.

Source of Tables 518 and 519: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, "Regional Accounts Data, Annual State Personal Income"; <<http://www.bea.doc.gov/bea/regional/spi/>>; (accessed 29 April 2004).

Figure 11.1

Government Transfer Payments to Individuals by State: 2002

In millions of dollars



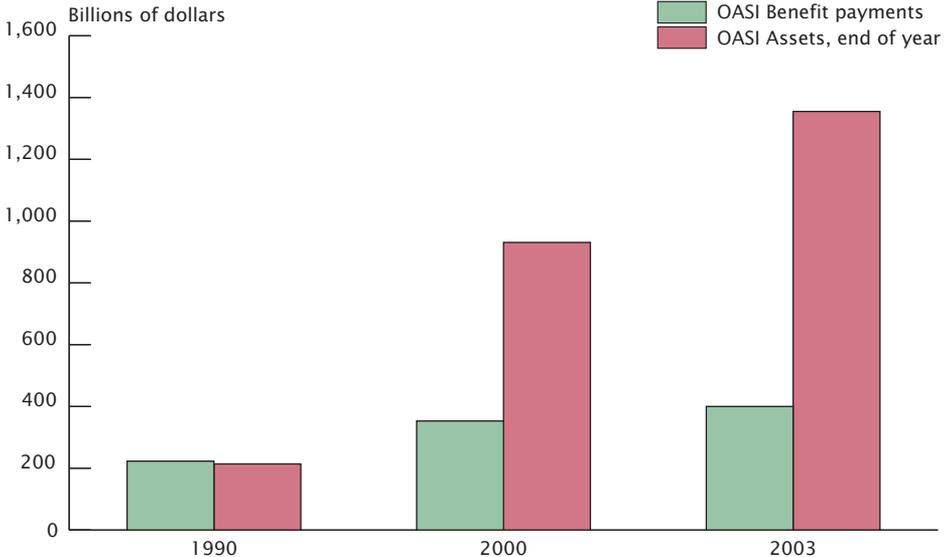
¹ Excludes veterans. Consists largely of federal fellowship payments (National Science Foundation, fellowships and traineeships, subsistence payments to State maritime academy cadets, and other federal fellowships), interest subsidy on higher education loans, basic educational opportunity grants, and Job Corps payments.

² Consists largely of Bureau of Indian Affairs payments, education exchange payments, Alaska Permanent Fund dividend payments, compensation of survivors of public safety officers, compensation of victims of crime, disaster relief payments, compensation for Japanese internment, and other special payments to individuals.

Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Census Bureau. For data, see Table 520.

Figure 11.2

Old-age and Survivors Insurance (OASI) Benefits and Assets: 1990 to 2003



Source: Chart prepared by U.S. Census Bureau. For data, see Table 526.

No. 520. Government Transfer Payments to Individuals by State: 2000 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (1,018,106 represents \$1,018,106,000,000)]

State	2002									
	2000, total	2001, total	Total	Retirement & disability insurance benefits	Medical payments	Income maintenance benefits	Unemployment insurance benefits	Veterans benefits	Federal education & training assistance payments ¹	Other ²
U.S.	1,018,106	1,116,212	1,220,858	472,564	526,310	121,884	53,974	29,579	13,844	2,703
AL	16,643	17,993	19,560	8,135	7,791	2,227	422	683	284	18
AK	2,966	3,101	3,231	564	1,096	324	160	109	15	964
AZ	15,959	18,146	20,471	8,662	8,276	1,861	506	685	311	170
AR	10,006	11,042	12,093	4,936	4,861	1,237	406	487	156	10
CA	114,559	127,547	138,609	47,273	59,417	20,106	7,224	2,484	1,831	274
CO	11,169	12,242	13,675	5,475	5,509	1,236	701	518	190	45
CT	14,086	14,905	16,279	6,441	7,479	1,159	851	243	95	10
DC	2,857	3,113	3,413	1,489	1,417	257	142	77	26	4
DE	2,709	2,844	3,217	657	1,742	496	160	103	49	10
FL	64,208	70,069	76,636	32,906	32,764	6,171	1,700	2,275	760	59
GA	23,696	26,173	30,327	11,152	13,455	3,282	1,044	1,011	362	21
HI	3,844	4,098	4,478	1,886	1,599	584	204	157	44	4
ID	3,804	4,247	4,676	2,118	1,711	345	250	163	80	9
IL	41,726	44,943	49,265	19,972	20,018	4,944	3,051	693	531	57
IN	20,081	22,078	23,762	10,730	9,450	1,980	876	447	264	14
IA	10,046	10,821	12,180	5,522	5,024	781	442	240	162	10
KS	8,908	9,682	10,521	4,686	4,289	710	414	271	122	11
KY	15,778	17,049	18,474	7,418	7,621	2,053	648	496	223	9
LA	16,582	19,154	20,537	6,750	9,891	2,661	398	534	292	11
ME	5,307	5,731	6,268	2,386	2,779	614	157	273	56	4
MD	16,981	18,471	20,212	7,865	9,180	1,707	724	513	204	19
MA	26,471	29,020	32,105	10,740	15,492	2,396	2,536	655	267	19
MI	36,675	40,837	43,001	18,000	17,271	4,279	2,364	649	416	23
MN	15,748	17,614	19,405	7,796	8,403	1,478	1,043	452	215	19
MS	10,803	12,085	13,224	4,762	5,845	1,724	273	389	219	14
MO	20,904	23,016	24,999	10,272	10,959	2,159	734	583	273	20
MT	3,127	3,358	3,560	1,702	1,250	300	96	143	59	11
NE	5,694	6,230	6,666	2,951	2,740	504	148	233	86	4
NV	5,588	6,330	7,221	3,206	2,703	553	435	251	51	22
NH	3,918	4,247	4,717	2,114	1,977	265	153	162	42	3
NJ	33,092	36,429	40,179	15,744	18,214	2,423	2,879	557	304	57
NM	6,014	6,688	7,448	2,692	3,182	857	175	334	123	84
NY	95,735	102,448	112,900	33,685	59,531	12,660	4,290	1,302	1,241	191
NC	28,108	31,252	34,132	13,537	13,930	3,679	1,515	1,087	354	31
ND	2,322	2,394	2,572	1,199	1,002	172	60	73	48	19
OH	43,149	46,944	50,637	21,841	20,880	4,619	1,826	943	486	42
OK	11,999	13,245	14,367	5,970	5,718	1,394	336	717	213	20
OR	12,243	13,768	15,158	6,582	5,434	1,243	1,249	467	163	20
PA	54,928	58,882	63,602	25,726	27,903	4,791	3,484	1,128	540	30
RI	4,748	5,283	5,623	2,065	2,612	495	259	124	61	6
SC	14,340	15,872	17,312	7,024	7,046	1,878	575	572	197	20
SD	2,490	2,684	2,923	1,270	1,190	221	36	116	50	39
WA	21,864	23,786	25,725	9,948	11,266	2,704	818	699	263	27
TN	59,911	65,556	73,288	26,571	31,853	8,298	2,950	2,493	1,023	100
UT	4,962	5,456	6,130	2,694	2,109	639	316	157	159	55
VT	2,245	2,458	2,688	1,043	1,168	255	112	79	30	2
VA	19,916	22,141	23,883	10,752	8,865	2,070	927	953	296	21
WA	20,817	23,456	25,358	10,491	9,029	2,201	2,439	903	255	40
WV	8,894	9,578	10,301	4,771	3,796	1,027	232	360	110	6
WI	17,902	19,997	21,983	9,464	8,899	1,743	1,183	477	198	19
WY	1,583	1,707	1,863	926	669	126	50	61	26	5

¹ Excludes veterans. Consists largely of federal fellowship payments (National Science Foundation, fellowships and traineeships, subsistence payments to State maritime academy cadets, and other federal fellowships), interest subsidy on higher education loans, basic educational opportunity grants, and Job Corps payments. ² Consists largely of Bureau of Indian Affairs payments, education exchange payments, Alaska Permanent Fund dividend payments, compensation of survivors of public safety officers, compensation of victims of crime, disaster relief payments, compensation for Japanese internment, and other special payments to individuals.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Accounts Data, Annual State Personal Income; <<http://www.bea.doc.gov/bea/regional/spi/>>; (accessed 29 April 2004).

No. 521. Number of Persons With Income by Specified Sources of Income: 2002

[In thousands (202,275 represents 202,275,000). Persons 15 years old and over as of March of the following year. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Sections 1 and 13, and Appendix III]

Source of income	Total persons with income	Under 65 years old	65 years old and over	White ¹	Black ¹	Hispanic origin ²
Total	202,275	168,941	33,334	167,914	22,113	22,643
Earnings	151,911	146,231	5,680	125,669	16,615	18,730
Wages and salary	142,973	138,138	4,835	117,788	16,097	17,902
Nonfarm self-employment	12,337	11,549	788	10,788	830	1,073
Farm self-employment	2,247	2,000	247	2,034	121	135
Unemployment compensation	8,351	8,153	198	6,762	988	985
Workers compensation	2,062	1,920	143	1,697	239	285
Social security, railroad retirement	39,851	9,459	30,392	34,653	3,813	2,380
Supplemental security income (SSI)	4,896	3,703	1,192	3,251	1,248	703
Public assistance	2,164	2,063	100	1,376	618	505
TANF/Welfare (AFDC) only ³	1,535	1,485	50	954	480	368
Other assistance only	555	510	45	383	112	122
Both	74	69	4	39	26	15
Veterans payments	2,591	1,465	1,127	2,151	333	123
Survivors benefits	2,633	967	1,666	2,367	173	95
Company or union	1,222	276	947	1,110	79	35
Disability benefits	1,646	1,455	191	1,306	262	175
Company or union	507	460	47	420	63	51
Pensions	15,275	4,881	10,394	13,568	1,254	480
Company or union	11,149	3,418	7,731	9,996	825	377
Federal Government	1,690	533	1,157	1,384	229	76
Military retirement	1,138	664	474	964	120	56
State or local government	3,597	1,376	2,221	3,192	317	103
Property income	104,211	85,079	19,132	92,265	6,280	5,873
Interest	98,935	80,796	18,138	87,741	5,870	5,440
Dividends	31,541	25,358	6,183	28,682	1,283	973
Rents, royalties, estates or trusts	11,212	8,464	2,749	10,108	526	650
Education	7,815	7,797	17	6,029	1,158	745
Pell grant only	1,512	1,510	2	1,030	350	211
Other government only	1,095	1,091	4	841	184	101
Scholarships only	2,249	2,247	3	1,849	222	206
Child support	5,399	5,375	24	4,221	973	522
Alimony	414	359	55	373	28	18
Financial assistance	2,339	2,210	129	1,775	266	203
Other income	1,049	823	226	834	127	67
Combinations of income types:						
Government transfer payments	58,999	27,394	31,604	49,181	7,086	4,767
Public assistance or SSI	6,778	5,511	1,267	4,434	1,796	1,162

- Represents or rounds to zero. ¹ The 2003 CPS asked respondents to choose one or more races. For example, "White Alone" refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "Asian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2000 through American Factfinder. ² Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ³ TANF=Temporary assistance for needy families program; AFDC=Aid to Families with Dependent Children program. ⁴ Includes estates and trusts reported as survivor benefits.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Table PINC-09. Source of Income in 2002—Number With Income and Mean Income of Specified Type in 2002 of People 15 Years Old and Over, by Race, Hispanic Origin and Sex"; published 26 February 2004; see also <<http://ferret.bls.census.gov/macro/032003/perinc/toc.htm>>.

No. 522. Households Receiving Means-Tested Noncash Benefits: 1980 to 2002

[In thousands (82,368 represents 82,368,000), except percent. Households as of March of following year. Covers civilian noninstitutional population, including persons in the Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post. A means-tested benefit program requires that the household's income and/or assets fall below specified guidelines in order to qualify for benefits. There are general trends toward underestimation of noncash beneficiaries. Households are classified according to poverty status of family or nonfamily householder; for explanation of poverty level, see text; Section 13. Data for 1980 and 1990 based on 1980 census population controls; 1995 and 2000, based on 1990 census population controls; 2002, based on 2000 census population controls and a 28,000 household sample expansion to 78,000 households. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1 and Appendix III]

Type of benefit received	2002							
					Below poverty level		Above poverty level	
	1980	1990	1995	2000	Total	Percent of total		
Total households	82,368	94,312	99,627	106,418	111,278	13,505	100	97,773
Receiving at least one noncash benefit	14,266	16,098	21,148	20,131	22,478	7,806	58	14,672
Not receiving cash public assistance	7,860	8,819	13,335	14,465	16,890	5,003	37	11,887
Receiving cash public assistance ¹	6,407	7,279	7,813	5,667	5,588	2,803	21	2,785
Total households receiving—								
Food stamps	6,769	7,163	8,388	5,563	6,245	3,834	28	2,411
School lunch	5,532	6,252	8,607	7,185	7,930	3,092	23	4,838
Public housing	2,777	4,339	4,846	4,689	5,125	2,593	19	2,532
Medicaid	8,287	10,321	14,111	14,328	16,765	6,182	46	10,583

¹ Households receiving money from aid to families with dependent children program (beginning 2000, temporary assistance for needy families program), supplemental security income program or other public assistance programs.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Table NC1. Means-Tested Noncash Benefits Received by Households, by Selected Household Characteristics, Race and Hispanic Origin, and Poverty Status: 2002"; May 2004; <<http://ferret.bls.census.gov/macro/032002/noncash/toc.htm>> and *Current Population Reports*, P-60 reports.

No. 523. Government Expenditures for Income-Tested Benefits by Type of Benefit: 1980 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (106,036 represents \$106,036,000,000). For years ending September 30. Programs covered provide cash, goods, or services to persons who make no payment and render no service in return. In case of many programs, including family cash welfare, food and housing programs, job and training programs and some educational programs, some recipients must work or study. Most of the programs base eligibility on individual, household, or family income, but some use group or area income tests; and a few offer help on the basis of presumed need. Constant dollar figures are based on the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers.]

Level of government and year	Total spending		Constant (2002) dollars							
	Current dollars	Constant (2002) dollars	Medical benefits	Cash aid	Food benefits	Housing benefits	Education benefits	Jobs/training	Services	Energy aid
TOTAL										
1980	106,036	237,093	72,890	64,226	30,288	24,520	11,573	19,466	10,281	3,848
1985	145,497	244,087	82,941	63,138	34,208	27,372	16,726	6,670	9,187	3,845
1990	214,738	298,497	120,687	75,417	34,899	27,394	20,003	5,897	11,799	2,402
1995	371,115	438,553	206,362	108,243	45,654	37,477	19,016	6,425	13,388	1,988
1996	376,036	432,261	204,539	106,279	44,936	38,188	18,827	5,384	12,669	1,439
1997	385,292	431,398	208,325	104,221	41,825	38,181	19,633	4,450	13,190	1,574
1998	395,519	437,997	214,412	101,403	38,890	37,432	20,068	5,416	18,896	1,479
1999	409,187	442,318	223,812	101,182	37,437	32,094	19,967	6,109	20,211	1,507
2000	428,556	448,985	235,591	98,907	35,776	32,651	17,085	7,897	18,915	2,162
2001	476,863	484,005	253,410	103,367	36,022	33,312	26,408	8,323	21,006	2,159
2002	522,156	522,156	282,468	102,157	39,306	35,566	30,484	7,808	22,215	2,152
FEDERAL										
1980	81,403	182,015	43,376	42,434	29,267	24,520	10,934	19,285	8,351	3,848
1985	107,267	179,952	46,772	41,078	32,482	27,372	15,964	6,534	5,957	3,793
1990	153,673	213,614	69,817	50,661	33,182	27,394	19,129	5,525	5,677	2,230
1995	262,905	310,679	119,841	80,266	43,492	34,729	17,888	5,467	7,104	1,892
1996	268,823	309,018	119,464	80,479	42,729	35,362	17,729	4,644	7,256	1,355
1997	274,980	307,885	120,685	80,446	39,615	35,431	18,485	4,250	7,472	1,503
1998	280,965	311,140	122,824	80,777	36,743	34,544	18,809	4,624	11,426	1,392
1999	291,798	315,424	129,364	80,385	35,237	32,094	18,680	5,164	13,085	1,415
2000	305,659	320,230	136,680	78,548	33,508	32,117	15,648	6,697	14,959	2,073
2001	342,877	348,013	147,249	83,837	33,674	32,550	24,766	7,083	16,814	2,039
2002	373,152	373,152	163,760	82,476	36,824	34,861	28,783	6,893	17,525	2,030
STATE AND LOCAL										
1980	24,633	55,079	29,515	21,792	1,022	-	639	181	1,930	-
1985	38,230	64,135	36,169	22,061	1,726	-	762	136	3,229	52
1990	61,065	84,884	50,870	24,757	1,717	-	874	371	6,122	172
1995	108,210	127,873	86,521	27,977	2,163	2,747	1,129	958	6,283	96
1996	107,213	123,243	85,075	25,800	2,207	2,827	1,098	740	5,413	84
1997	110,312	123,512	87,640	23,775	2,210	2,750	1,149	199	5,718	72
1998	114,554	126,857	91,588	20,626	2,146	2,888	1,259	792	7,469	87
1999	117,389	126,894	94,448	20,797	2,200	-	1,286	945	7,126	92
2000	122,897	128,755	98,912	20,359	2,268	533	1,437	1,201	3,956	89
2001	133,986	135,993	106,161	19,530	2,348	761	1,641	1,240	4,192	120
2002	149,004	149,004	118,708	19,681	2,482	705	1,701	915	4,690	122

- Represents or rounds to zero.

Source: Library of Congress, Congressional Research Service, "Cash and Noncash Benefits for Persons With Limited Income: Eligibility Rules, Recipient and Expenditure Data, FY2000-FY2002"; CRS Report RL 32233; November 25, 2003.

No. 524. Cash and Noncash Benefits for Persons With Limited Income: 2001 and 2002

[For years ending September 30, except as noted (476,863 represents \$476,863,000,000). Programs covered provide cash, goods, or services to persons who make no payment and render no service in return. In case of many programs, including family cash welfare, food and housing programs, job and training programs and some educational programs, some recipients must work or study. Most of the programs base eligibility on individual, household, or family income, but some use group or area income tests; and a few offer help on the basis of presumed need]

Program	Average monthly recipients (1,000)		Expenditures (mil. dol.)					
			Total		Federal		State and local	
	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002	2001	2002
Total	(X)	(X)	476,863	522,156	342,877	373,152	133,986	149,004
Medical care ¹	(X)	(X)	249,670	282,468	145,076	163,760	104,594	118,708
Medicaid ²	44,600	50,900	228,039	258,216	129,840	146,643	98,199	111,573
Veterans ⁴	1,479	1,640	7,731	8,185	7,731	8,185	-	-
General assistance ⁵	(NA)	(NA)	4,705	4,956	-	-	4,705	4,956
State children's health insurance program	4,601	5,315	3,826	5,407	2,672	3,776	1,154	1,631
Indian health services ² ³	1,600	1,600	2,629	2,758	2,629	2,758	-	-
Maternal and child health services	8,707	9,038	1,250	1,279	714	731	536	548
Consolidated health centers ²	10,500	11,550	1,164	1,328	1,164	1,328	-	-
Cash aid ¹	(X)	(X)	101,842	102,157	82,600	82,476	19,242	19,681
Supplemental security income ³ ⁶	6,751	6,887	37,080	38,522	32,584	33,871	4,496	4,651
Temporary assistance for needy families (TANF) ⁷	5,420	5,147	13,596	13,035	6,731	6,481	6,865	6,554
Earned income tax credit (refunded portion) ⁸	16,827	(NA)	29,428	27,830	29,428	27,830	-	-
Foster care	265	254	8,311	8,618	4,395	4,523	3,916	4,095
Child tax credit (refunded portion)	8,634	(NA)	5,015	5,060	5,015	5,060	-	-
General assistance ⁸	(NA)	(NA)	2,956	3,251	-	-	2,956	3,251
Pensions for needy veterans ⁹ ¹⁰	602	581	3,018	3,177	3,018	3,177	-	-
Food benefits ¹	(X)	(X)	35,490	39,306	33,177	36,824	2,313	2,482
Food stamps ³ ¹¹	18,400	20,150	21,046	24,054	18,813	21,657	2,233	2,397
School lunch program	15,500	16,000	5,659	6,064	5,659	6,064	(NA)	(NA)
Women, infants and children ³ ¹⁴	7,300	7,500	4,123	4,350	4,123	4,350	-	-
Child and adult care food program ¹⁵	1,900	2,000	1,533	1,638	1,533	1,638	-	-
School breakfast ¹²	6,400	6,700	1,402	1,515	1,402	1,515	-	-
Housing benefits ¹	(X)	(X)	32,820	35,566	32,070	34,861	750	705
Low-income housing asst. (Sec. 8) ¹⁶	3,310	3,326	16,720	18,499	16,720	18,499	-	-
Low-rent public housing ¹⁸ ¹⁹	1,219	1,209	7,504	8,213	7,504	8,213	(NA)	(NA)
Rural housing loans	46	43	3,406	3,499	3,406	3,499	-	-
Home investment partnerships ³ ¹⁹ ²⁰	82	84	2,541	2,500	1,796	1,796	745	704
Housing for special populations (elderly and disabled)	8	12	3,406	3,499	3,406	3,499	-	-
Education aid ¹	3,696	4,812	26,018	30,484	24,401	28,783	1,617	1,701
Pell grants ²¹ ²²	3,696	4,812	11,314	11,364	11,314	11,364	-	-
Head Start	905	912	7,750	8,172	6,200	6,538	1,550	1,634
Stafford loans ²¹	5,040	5,564	3,590	7,523	3,590	7,523	-	-
Federal Work-Study Program ²¹ ²²	970	1,073	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	-	-
Federal Trio Programs	742	865	803	827	803	827	-	-
Services ¹	(X)	(X)	20,696	22,215	16,566	17,525	4,130	4,690
Social services (Title 20)	12,826	(NA)	2,645	2,743	2,645	2,743	(NA)	(NA)
Child care for TANF recipients and ex-recipients ²³	(NA)	(NA)	2,346	2,322	1,583	1,572	763	750
Child care and development block grant ²⁴	1,814	(NA)	7,911	8,589	5,872	6,383	2,039	2,206
TANF services	(NA)	(NA)	5,528	6,147	4,200	4,413	1,328	1,734
Homeless assistance grants	(X)	(X)	967	1,044	967	1,044	-	-
Jobs and training ¹	(X)	(X)	8,200	7,808	6,978	6,893	1,222	915
TANF work activities	(NA)	(NA)	2,696	2,727	1,983	2,121	713	606
Training for disadvantaged adults and youth ²⁵	1,136	839	2,078	1,950	2,078	1,950	-	-
Job Corps	68	68	1,459	1,532	1,459	1,532	-	-
Energy assistance ¹	(X)	(X)	2,127	2,152	2,009	2,030	118	122
Low-income energy assistance ³ ²⁶	4,832	4,672	1,856	1,850	1,856	1,800	(NA)	(NA)

- Represents zero. NA Not available. X Not applicable. ¹ Includes other programs not shown separately. ² Recipient data represent unduplicated annual number. ³ Expenditures include administrative expenses. ⁴ Medical care for veterans with a nonservice-connected disability. ⁵ Estimated expenditures. ⁶ Includes state-administered SSI supplements. ⁷ Excludes data for child support operations. ⁸ Estimated families. (In previous years, individual recipients were estimated.) ⁹ Estimated recipients as of September. ¹⁰ Includes dependents and survivors. ¹¹ Includes Puerto Rico's nutritional assistance program. ¹² Free and reduced-price segments. ¹³ Includes estimate of commodity assistance. ¹⁴ Special supplemental food program for women, infants and children. ¹⁵ Recipient data are numbers of children receiving free or reduced price meals and snacks in child care centers and estimates of children in family day care homes with incomes below 185 percent of poverty. ¹⁶ Recipient data represent units eligible for payment at end of year. ¹⁷ Includes operating subsidies, capital grants, and HUD-administered Indian housing. ¹⁸ Recipient data represent total families or dwelling units during year. ¹⁹ Expenditure data represent amounts obligated. ²⁰ Recipient data are housing units provided or rehabilitated. ²¹ Recipient data are total numbers for the school year ending in year shown. ²² Expenditure data are appropriations available for school year ending the fiscal year named. ²³ P.L. 104-193, which created TANF, established a mandatory block grant for TANF-related child care. ²⁴ Recipient data are estimated number of children served. ²⁵ Recipient data are total number of participants. ²⁶ Households served during the year with heating and winter crisis aid. Federal funds include amounts transferred to other programs serving the needy.

Source: Library of Congress, Congressional Research Service, Cash and Noncash Benefits for Persons With Limited Income: Eligibility Rules, Recipient and Expenditure Data, FY2000-FY2002"; CRS Report RL32233; November 25, 2003.

No. 525. Social Security—Covered Employment, Earnings, and Contribution Rates: 1980 to 2003

[140.5 represents 140,500,000. Includes Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, American Samoa, and Guam. Represents all reported employment. Data are estimated. OASDI=Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance; SMI=Supplementary medical insurance]

Item	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Workers with insured status ¹	Million	140.5	164.1	173.3	178.0	180.2	182.6	185.2	187.8	190.1	192.4
Male	Million	76.6	86.5	90.1	92.1	93.1	94.0	95.2	96.5	97.6	98.8
Female	Million	63.8	77.7	83.1	86.0	87.1	88.5	90.0	91.2	92.4	93.7
Under 25 years old	Million	25.7	21.3	18.8	19.1	19.6	20.2	20.8	21.1	21.4	21.7
25 to 34 years old	Million	36.5	41.6	39.4	38.2	37.6	37.0	36.6	36.5	36.5	36.5
35 to 44 years old	Million	23.0	36.4	40.5	41.8	42.2	42.3	42.3	42.2	41.9	41.5
45 to 54 years old	Million	18.6	22.8	29.5	31.9	33.2	34.4	35.6	36.6	37.6	38.5
55 to 59 years old	Million	9.3	8.8	9.8	10.7	11.2	11.8	12.4	13.1	13.8	14.6
60 to 64 years old	Million	8.2	8.8	8.5	8.8	9.1	9.1	9.6	10.1	10.3	10.8
65 to 69 years old	Million	7.0	8.2	8.2	8.1	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.2	8.3	8.5
70 years old and over	Million	12.2	16.3	18.6	19.3	19.4	19.6	19.9	20.1	20.3	20.4
Workers reported with—											
Taxable earnings ²	Million	113	134	141	146	149	151	154	154	154	154
Maximum earnings ²	Million	10	8	8	9	9	9	10	9	8	8
Earnings in covered employment ²	Bil. dol.	1,329	2,704	3,402	3,859	4,172	4,458	4,812	4,913	4,940	5,059
Reported taxable ²	Bil. dol.	1,181	2,358	2,919	3,285	3,527	3,750	4,008	4,170	4,243	4,352
Percent of total	Percent	88.9	87.2	85.8	85.1	84.5	84.1	83.3	84.9	85.9	86.0
Average per worker:											
Total earnings ²	Dollars	11,759	20,238	24,126	26,403	28,019	29,460	31,312	31,961	32,111	32,783
Taxable earnings ²	Dollars	10,449	17,650	20,703	22,478	23,684	24,777	26,081	27,129	27,582	28,203
Annual maximum taxable earnings ²	Dollars	25,900	51,300	61,200	65,400	68,400	72,600	76,200	80,400	84,900	87,000
Contribution rates for OASDI: ⁴											
Each employer and employee	Percent	6.13	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65	7.65
Self-employed ⁵	Percent	8.10	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30	15.30
SMI, monthly premium ⁶	Dollars	9.60	28.60	46.10	43.80	43.80	45.50	45.50	50.00	54.00	58.70

¹ Estimated number fully insured for retirement and/or survivor benefits as of end of year. ² Includes self-employment. ³ Beginning 1995 upper limit on earnings subject to HI taxes was repealed. ⁴ As of January 1, 2004, each employer and employer pays 7.65 percent and the self-employed pay 15.3 percent. ⁵ Beginning 1990, self-employed pays 15.3 percent, and half of the tax is deductible for income tax purposes and for computing self-employment income subject to social security tax. ⁶ 1980, as of July 1; beginning 1990, as of January 1. As of January 1, 2002, the monthly premium is \$54.00.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*; and unpublished data.

No. 526. Social Security Trust Funds: 1990 to 2003

[In billions of dollars (272.4 represents \$272,400,000,000)]

Type of trust fund	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Old-age and survivors insurance (OASI):									
Net contribution income ¹	272.4	310.1	357.4	380.4	407.3	433.0	453.4	468.1	456.1
Interest received ²	16.4	32.8	39.8	44.5	49.8	57.5	64.7	71.2	75.2
Benefit payments ³	223.0	291.6	316.3	326.8	334.4	352.7	372.3	388.1	399.8
Assets, end of year	214.2	458.5	589.1	681.6	798.8	931.0	1,071.5	1,217.5	1,355.3
Disability insurance (DI):									
Net contribution income ¹	28.7	54.7	56.5	59.5	63.9	71.8	75.7	78.2	77.4
Interest received ²	0.9	2.2	4.0	4.8	5.7	6.9	8.2	9.2	9.7
Benefit payments ³	24.8	40.9	45.7	48.2	51.4	55.0	59.6	65.7	70.9
Assets, end of year	11.1	37.6	66.4	80.2	97.3	118.5	141.0	160.5	175.4

¹ Includes deposits by states and deductions for refund of estimated employee-tax overpayment. Includes government contributions on deemed wage credits for military service in 1957 and later. Includes taxation of benefits. ² In 1990, includes interest on advance tax transfers. Includes interest on reimbursement for unnegotiated checks. ³ Includes payments for vocational rehabilitation services furnished to disabled persons receiving benefits because of their disabilities. Amounts reflect deductions for unnegotiated benefit checks.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Report of Board of Trustees, OASI, DI, HI, and SMI Trust Funds*. Also published in *Social Security Bulletin*, quarterly.

No. 527. Social Security (OASDI)—Benefits by Type of Beneficiary: 1980 to 2003

[35,585 represents 35,585,000. A person eligible to receive more than one type of benefit is generally classified or counted only once as a retired-worker beneficiary. OASDI=Old-age, survivors, and disability insurance. See also headnote, Table 525 and Appendix III]

Type of beneficiary	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Number of benefits ¹ (1,000)	35,585	39,832	43,387	43,971	44,246	44,596	45,415	45,878	46,444	47,038
Retired workers ² (1,000)	19,562	24,838	26,673	27,275	27,511	27,775	28,499	28,837	29,190	29,532
Disabled workers ³ (1,000)	2,859	3,011	4,185	4,508	4,698	4,879	5,042	5,274	5,544	5,874
Wives and husbands ^{2,4} (1,000)	3,477	3,367	3,290	3,129	3,054	2,987	2,963	2,899	2,833	2,773
Children (1,000)	4,607	3,187	3,734	3,772	3,769	3,795	3,803	3,839	3,910	3,961
Under age 18	3,423	2,497	2,956	2,970	2,963	2,970	2,976	2,994	3,043	3,080
Disabled children ⁵	450	600	686	705	713	721	729	737	745	753
Students ⁶	733	89	92	97	93	104	98	109	123	128
Of retired workers	639	422	442	441	439	442	459	467	477	480
Of deceased workers	2,610	1,776	1,884	1,893	1,884	1,885	1,878	1,890	1,908	1,910
Of disabled workers	1,358	989	1,409	1,438	1,446	1,468	1,466	1,482	1,526	1,571
Widowed mothers ⁷ (1,000)	562	304	275	230	221	212	203	197	194	190
Widows and widowers ^{2,8} (1,000)	4,411	5,111	5,226	5,053	4,990	4,944	4,901	4,828	4,771	4,707
Parents ² (1,000)	15	6	4	4	3	3	3	3	2	2
Special benefits ⁹ (1,000)	93	7	1	(Z)						
AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFIT, CURRENT DOLLARS										
Retired workers ²	341	603	720	765	780	804	844	874	895	922
Retired worker and wife ²	567	1,027	1,221	1,295	1,318	1,357	1,420	1,466	1,494	1,535
Disabled workers ³	371	587	682	722	733	754	786	814	834	862
Wives and husbands ^{2,4}	164	298	354	379	386	398	416	430	439	450
Children of retired workers	140	259	322	349	358	373	395	413	426	444
Children of deceased workers	240	406	469	500	510	526	550	571	585	603
Children of disabled workers	110	164	183	201	208	216	228	238	245	254
Widowed mothers ⁷	246	409	478	532	545	566	595	621	640	664
Widows and widowers, nondisabled ²	311	556	680	731	749	775	810	841	861	888
Parents ²	276	482	591	636	651	674	704	729	753	779
Special benefits ⁹	105	167	192	201	204	209	217	224	227	232
AVERAGE MONTHLY BENEFIT, CONSTANT (2002) DOLLARS ¹⁰										
Retired workers ²	715	815	849	858	861	864	877	895	895	905
Retired worker and wife ²	1,189	1,389	1,439	1,452	1,455	1,459	1,476	1,500	1,494	1,507
Disabled workers ³	778	794	804	810	809	810	817	834	834	846
Wives and husbands ^{2,4}	344	403	417	425	426	428	432	440	439	442
Children of deceased workers	293	350	379	391	396	401	411	422	585	592
Widowed mothers ⁷	503	549	553	561	562	565	572	584	640	652
Widows and widowers, nondisabled ²	231	222	216	225	229	232	237	244	861	872
Number of benefits awarded (1,000)	4,215	3,717	3,882	3,866	3,800	3,917	4,290	4,162	4,336	4,322
Retired workers ²	1,620	1,665	1,609	1,719	1,631	1,690	1,961	1,779	1,813	1,791
Disabled workers ³	389	468	646	587	608	620	622	691	750	777
Wives and husbands ^{2,4}	469	379	322	319	311	322	385	358	363	353
Children	1,174	695	809	757	763	773	777	796	846	852
Widowed mothers ⁷	108	58	52	44	42	42	40	41	41	39
Widows and widowers ^{2,8}	452	452	445	440	444	470	505	496	523	508
Parents ²	1	(Z)								
Special benefits ⁹	1	(Z)								
BENEFIT PAYMENTS DURING YEAR (bil. dol.)										
Total ¹¹	120.5	247.8	332.6	362.0	375.0	385.8	407.6	431.9	453.8	470.8
Monthly benefits ¹²	120.1	247.6	332.4	361.8	374.8	385.6	407.4	431.7	453.6	470.6
Retired workers ²	70.4	156.8	205.3	223.6	232.3	238.5	253.5	269.0	281.6	291.5
Disabled workers ³	12.8	22.1	36.6	41.1	43.5	46.5	49.8	54.2	59.9	64.8
Wives and husbands ^{2,4}	7.0	14.5	17.9	18.6	18.9	18.8	19.4	19.9	20.3	20.4
Children	10.5	12.0	16.1	17.6	18.1	18.6	19.3	20.4	21.5	22.3
Under age 18	7.4	9.0	11.9	13.0	13.3	13.6	14.1	14.8	15.7	16.2
Disabled children ⁵	1.0	2.5	3.6	4.0	4.2	4.4	4.6	4.8	5.1	5.2
Students ⁶	2.1	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Of retired workers	1.1	1.3	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.5	2.6
Of deceased workers	7.4	8.6	10.7	11.7	11.9	12.1	12.5	13.1	13.7	14.1
Of disabled workers	2.0	2.2	3.7	4.1	4.2	4.4	4.7	4.9	5.3	5.7
Widowed mothers ⁷	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.5
Widows and widowers ^{2,8}	17.6	40.7	54.8	59.3	60.5	61.8	63.9	66.8	68.8	70.1
Parents ²	0.1	(Z)								
Special benefits ⁹	0.1	(Z)								
Lump sum	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

Z Fewer than 500 or less than \$50 million. ¹ Number of benefit payments in current-payment status, i.e., actually being made at a specified time with no deductions or with deductions amounting to less than a month's benefit. ² 62 years and over. ³ Disabled workers under age 65. ⁴ Includes wife beneficiaries with entitled children in their care and entitled divorced wives. ⁵ 18 years old and over. Disability began before age 18. ⁶ Full-time students aged 18-21 through 1980 and aged 18 and 19 beginning 1990. ⁷ Includes surviving divorced mothers with entitled children in their care and widowed fathers with entitled children in their care. ⁸ Includes widows aged 60-61, surviving divorced wives aged 60 and over, disabled widows and widowers aged 50 and over; and widowers aged 60-61. ⁹ Benefits for persons aged 72 and over not insured under regular or transitional provisions of Social Security Act. ¹⁰ Constant dollar figures are based on the consumer price index (CPI-U) for December as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics. ¹¹ Represents total disbursements of benefit checks by the U.S. Dept. of the Treasury during the years specified. ¹² Distribution by type estimated.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*; and unpublished data.

No. 528. Social Security—Beneficiaries, Annual Payments, and Average Monthly Benefit, 1990 to 2003 and by State and Other Areas, 2003

[Number of beneficiaries in current-payment status (39,832 represents 39,832,000) and average monthly benefit as of December. Data based on 10-percent sample of administrative records. See also headnote, Table 527, and Appendix III]

Year, state, and other area	Number of beneficiaries (1,000)				Annual payments ² (mil. dol.)				Average monthly benefit (dol.)		
	Retired workers and dependents ¹		Survivors	Disabled workers and dependents	Retired workers and dependents ¹		Survivors	Disabled workers and dependents	Retired workers ³	Dis-abled workers	Widows and widowers ⁴
	Total	Total									
1990	39,832	28,369	7,197	4,266	247,796	172,042	50,951	24,803	603	587	557
1995	43,380	30,139	7,379	5,862	332,581	224,381	67,302	40,898	720	682	680
2000	45,417	31,761	6,981	6,675	407,431	274,645	77,848	54,938	845	787	810
2001	45,874	32,046	6,915	6,913	431,737	290,799	81,359	59,579	875	815	841
2002	46,453	32,362	6,870	7,220	453,601	303,983	83,973	65,645	895	834	861
2003, total ⁵	46,448	32,360	6,870	7,220	470,547	314,024	85,621	70,899	922	862	888
United States	45,312	31,652	6,653	7,010	463,006	309,918	83,792	69,292	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Alabama	857	528	144	185	8,237	4,860	1,638	1,740	877	832	816
Alaska	59	38	10	11	574	364	107	104	892	844	836
Arizona	835	600	107	127	8,682	5,999	1,373	1,310	939	890	922
Arkansas	529	335	83	111	4,951	3,018	906	1,026	855	815	795
California	4,304	3,110	588	606	43,857	30,115	7,576	6,166	926	876	919
Colorado	550	389	78	82	5,507	3,717	989	801	902	855	894
Connecticut	581	437	71	74	6,418	4,686	981	751	1,010	894	983
Delaware	141	100	19	22	1,518	1,037	250	231	967	901	951
District of Columbia	73	51	12	10	633	423	113	96	786	796	729
Florida	3,278	2,433	413	432	33,305	23,685	5,290	4,330	918	863	915
Georgia	1,147	740	184	224	11,315	7,075	2,103	2,136	895	845	830
Hawaii	193	150	23	21	1,938	1,450	281	207	912	878	863
Idaho	205	146	28	30	2,060	1,404	357	299	900	844	902
Illinois	1,862	1,330	285	248	19,741	13,456	3,763	2,522	961	894	950
Indiana	1,012	704	151	157	10,768	7,219	2,002	1,547	967	868	947
Iowa	542	395	80	68	5,490	3,803	1,041	646	920	828	909
Kansas	442	318	65	59	4,560	3,151	853	557	944	832	941
Kentucky	754	448	126	181	7,242	4,057	1,459	1,726	870	848	805
Louisiana	725	436	152	138	6,801	3,814	1,715	1,273	858	855	816
Maine	258	173	34	51	2,427	1,556	413	458	851	787	842
Maryland	744	531	115	98	7,712	5,243	1,447	1,023	928	897	904
Massachusetts	1,063	754	135	174	10,807	7,363	1,770	1,674	927	849	922
Michigan	1,677	1,152	257	268	18,236	12,010	3,442	2,784	993	919	955
Minnesota	755	556	105	95	7,708	5,399	1,372	937	920	847	903
Mississippi	531	311	91	129	4,825	2,757	944	1,124	842	806	764
Missouri	1,022	693	150	179	10,209	6,657	1,846	1,706	910	841	887
Montana	162	114	24	24	1,583	1,069	294	220	885	832	880
Nebraska	287	210	41	36	2,847	1,979	524	344	904	819	909
Nevada	314	232	36	46	3,349	2,349	485	514	929	931	931
New Hampshire	208	148	26	34	2,185	1,502	342	341	944	863	940
New Jersey	1,363	1,007	182	175	15,223	10,860	2,488	1,875	1,018	938	980
New Mexico	290	197	45	47	2,708	1,765	497	445	861	826	823
New York	3,024	2,156	402	466	32,187	22,188	5,273	4,726	977	911	940
North Carolina	1,406	941	194	271	13,953	9,071	2,232	2,649	899	842	828
North Dakota	114	82	20	13	1,082	719	244	118	859	814	855
Ohio	1,930	1,340	320	270	19,853	13,046	4,200	2,607	938	849	920
Oklahoma	606	413	99	94	5,945	3,839	1,177	928	883	846	860
Oregon	588	429	77	81	6,093	4,243	1,030	819	931	857	933
Pennsylvania	2,377	1,703	359	314	24,919	16,941	4,804	3,174	948	876	933
Rhode Island	191	137	22	32	1,945	1,346	288	310	923	847	929
South Carolina	719	467	107	145	7,091	4,496	1,193	1,401	896	850	821
South Dakota	138	98	22	17	1,282	873	260	149	845	798	842
Tennessee	1,028	664	164	200	10,097	6,290	1,905	1,902	894	829	839
Texas	2,731	1,865	477	389	27,068	17,506	5,738	3,824	898	854	863
Utah	251	183	35	33	2,561	1,791	460	311	926	853	951
Vermont	107	74	14	18	1,066	723	174	170	912	825	887
Virginia	1,072	732	158	182	10,759	7,033	1,930	1,796	904	864	849
Washington	874	634	114	126	9,305	6,457	1,541	1,307	960	877	949
West Virginia	399	236	74	89	4,012	2,197	894	921	910	901	849
Wisconsin	915	674	125	117	9,563	6,751	1,653	1,159	945	860	934
Wyoming	79	58	10	11	809	566	135	108	921	869	919
Puerto Rico	688	380	120	188	4,711	2,339	936	1,436	611	738	544
Guam	12	8	2	2	83	49	21	13	634	794	636
American Samoa	5	2	1	2	34	11	11	12	551	653	516
Virgin Islands	15	11	2	2	127	91	21	16	804	860	690
Northern Mariana Islands	2	1	(Z)	(Z)	10	6	4	1	501	418	394
Abroad	414	306	92	16	2,575	1,610	836	129	532	738	589

NA Not available. Z Fewer than 500. ¹ Includes special benefits for persons aged 72 and over not insured under regular or transitional provisions of Social Security Act. ² Unnegotiated checks not deducted. 1990 and 1995 include lump-sum payments to survivors of deceased workers. ³ Excludes persons with special benefits. ⁴ Nondisabled only. ⁵ Includes those with state or area unknown.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 529. Public Employee Retirement Systems—Participants and Finances: 1980 to 2002

[For fiscal year of retirement system, except data for the Thrift Savings Plan are for calendar year (4,629 represents 4,629,000)]

Retirement plan	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002, proj.
TOTAL PARTICIPANTS ¹										
Federal retirement systems:										
Defined benefit:										
Civil Service Retirement System	1,000	4,629	4,167	3,731	3,518	3,423	3,362	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Federal Employees Retirement System ²	1,000	(X)	1,180	1,512	1,679	1,757	1,879	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Military Service Retirement System ³	1,000	3,380	3,763	3,387	3,367	3,368	3,374	3,397	3,418	3,453
Thrift Savings Plan ⁴	1,000	(X)	1,625	2,195	2,303	2,300	2,400	(NA)	2,600	3,000
State and local retirement systems ^{5, 6}	1,000	(NA)	16,858	14,734	15,194	16,215	16,195	16,834	17,021	17,264
ACTIVE PARTICIPANTS										
Federal retirement systems:										
Defined benefit:										
Civil Service Retirement System	1,000	2,700	1,826	1,525	1,189	1,099	1,042	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Federal Employees Retirement System ²	1,000	(X)	1,136	1,318	1,497	1,547	1,640	(NA)	(NA)	(NA)
Military Service Retirement System ³	1,000	2,050	2,130	1,572	1,491	1,459	1,438	1,437	1,438	1,465
Thrift Savings Plan ⁴	1,000	(X)	1,419	1,930	2,011	1,800	1,900	(NA)	1,900	2,300
State and local retirement systems ^{5, 6}	1,000	(NA)	11,345	12,524	12,817	13,059	13,472	13,917	13,977	14,123
ASSETS										
Total	Bil. dol.	258	1,047	1,655	2,110	2,403	2,644	2,943	2,803	2,831
Federal retirement systems	Bil. dol.	73	326	537	631	686	738	774	645	673
Defined benefit	Bil. dol.	73	318	502	570	608	643	679	544	571
Civil Service Retirement System	Bil. dol.	73	220	311	344	361	376	390	414	414
Federal Employees Retirement System ²	Bil. dol.	(X)	18	60	83	97	111	126	157	157
Military Service Retirement System ³	Bil. dol.	(/)	80	131	143	150	156	163	174	174
Thrift Savings Plan ⁴	Bil. dol.	(X)	8	35	61	77	95	98	102	102
State and local retirement systems ⁵	Bil. dol.	185	721	1,118	1,479	1,717	1,906	2,169	2,158	2,158
CONTRIBUTIONS										
Total	Bil. dol.	83	103	127	139	137	142	143	145	151
Federal retirement systems	Bil. dol.	19	61	67	73	73	75	78	80	85
Defined benefit	Bil. dol.	19	59	61	66	65	67	69	70	73
Civil Service Retirement System	Bil. dol.	19	28	31	33	33	33	33	33	34
Federal Employees Retirement System ²	Bil. dol.	(X)	4	6	7	6	8	8	9	10
Military Service Retirement System ³	Bil. dol.	(/)	27	24	26	26	26	28	28	29
Thrift Savings Plan ⁴	Bil. dol.	(X)	2	6	7	8	8	9	10	12
State and local retirement systems ⁵	Bil. dol.	64	42	60	66	64	67	65	65	66
BENEFITS										
Total	Bil. dol.	39	89	125	142	152	160	172	185	197
Federal retirement systems	Bil. dol.	27	53	66	73	76	78	81	84	87
Defined benefit	Bil. dol.	27	53	65	72	74	76	78	81	85
Civil Service Retirement System	Bil. dol.	15	31	37	41	42	43	44	46	48
Federal Employees Retirement System ²	Bil. dol.	(X)	(Z)	1	1	1	1	1	1	2
Military Service Retirement System ³	Bil. dol.	12	22	28	30	31	32	33	34	35
Thrift Savings Plan ⁴	Bil. dol.	(X)	(Z)	1	1	2	2	3	3	2
State and local retirement systems ⁵	Bil. dol.	12	36	59	69	76	82	91	101	110

NA Not available. X Not applicable. Z Less than \$500 million. / Includes active, separated vested, retired employees, and survivors. / The Federal Employees Retirement System was established June 6, 1986. / Includes nondisability and disability retirees, surviving families, and all active personnel with the exception of active reserves. / The Thrift Savings Plan (a defined contribution plan) was established April 1, 1987. / Excludes state and local plans that are fully supported by employee contributions. / Not adjusted for double counting of individuals participating in more than one plan. / The Military Retirement System was unfunded until October 1, 1984.

Source: Employee Benefit Research Institute, Washington, DC, *EBRI Databook on Employee Benefits, Twelfth Edition*, and unpublished data (copyright). See also <<http://www.ebri.org/>>.

No. 530. Federal Civil Service Retirement: 1980 to 2002

[As of Sept. 30 or for year ending Sept. 30 (2,720 represents 2,720,000). Covers both Civil Service Retirement System and Federal Employees Retirement System]

Item	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Employees covered ¹	1,000	2,720	2,945	2,668	2,681	2,658	2,668	2,764	2,655	2,654
Annuitants, total	1,000	1,675	2,143	2,311	2,352	2,369	2,368	2,376	2,383	2,383
Age and service	1,000	905	1,288	1,441	1,474	1,488	1,491	1,501	1,509	1,513
Disability	1,000	343	297	263	257	253	246	242	239	236
Survivors	1,000	427	558	607	621	628	631	633	635	634
Receipts, total ²	Mil. dol.	24,389	52,689	65,684	70,227	72,156	74,522	75,967	77,949	80,069
Employee contributions	Mil. dol.	3,686	4,501	4,498	4,358	4,274	4,381	4,637	4,593	4,475
Federal government contributions	Mil. dol.	15,562	27,368	33,130	35,386	36,188	36,561	37,722	38,442	39,692
Disbursements, total ³	Mil. dol.	14,977	31,416	38,435	41,722	43,058	43,932	45,194	47,356	48,970
Age and service annuitants ⁴	Mil. dol.	12,639	26,495	32,070	34,697	35,806	36,492	37,546	39,397	40,758
Survivors	Mil. dol.	1,912	4,366	5,864	6,518	6,763	6,978	7,210	7,533	7,790
Average monthly benefit:										
Age and service	Dollars	992	1,369	1,643	1,749	1,796	1,830	1,885	1,967	2,031
Disability	Dollars	723	1,008	1,164	1,204	1,216	1,221	1,240	1,269	1,286
Survivors	Dollars	392	653	819	881	905	923	952	992	1,024
Cash and security holdings	Bil. dol.	73.7	238.0	366.2	422.2	451.3	481.3	508.1	542.6	573.7

¹ Excludes employees in leave without pay status. ² Includes interest on investments. ³ Includes refunds, death claims, and administration. ⁴ Includes disability annuitants.

Source: U.S. Office of Personnel Management, *Civil Service Retirement and Disability Trust Fund Annual Report*.

No. 531. State and Local Government Retirement Systems—Beneficiaries and Finances: 1990 to 2002

[In billions of dollars, except as indicated (111.3 represents 111,300,000,000). For fiscal years closed during the 12 months ending June 30]

Year and level of government	Number of beneficiaries (1,000)	Receipts					Benefits and withdrawals			Cash and security holdings
		Total	Employee contributions	Government contributions		Earnings on investments	Total	Benefits	Withdrawals	
				State	Local					
1990: All systems	4,026	111.3	13.9	14.0	18.6	64.9	38.4	36.0	2.4	721
State-administered	3,232	89.2	11.6	14.0	11.5	52.0	29.6	27.6	2.0	575
Locally administered	794	22.2	2.2	(Z)	7.0	12.9	8.8	8.4	0.4	145
1995: All systems	4,979	148.8	18.6	16.6	24.4	89.2	61.5	58.8	2.7	1,118
State-administered	4,025	123.3	15.7	16.2	15.4	76.0	48.0	45.8	2.2	914
Locally administered	954	25.5	2.9	0.4	9.0	13.3	13.5	13.0	0.5	204
2001: All systems	7,322	123.3	26.4	17.5	21.2	57.9	112.2	100.9	4.1	2,157
State-administered	4,931	94.3	21.8	17.1	15.4	39.7	90.1	80.9	3.4	1,782
Locally administered	2,391	28.9	4.5	0.4	5.7	18.2	22.1	19.9	0.7	375
2002: All systems	6,198	-6.1	27.5	17.1	21.6	-72.4	121.9	110.1	4.0	2,157
State-administered	5,180	-8.4	23.0	16.7	15.2	-63.5	98.2	88.7	3.2	1,774
Locally administered	1,018	2.3	4.5	0.4	6.3	-8.9	23.7	21.4	0.8	375

Z Less than \$50 million.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Through 1995, *Finances of Employee-Retirement Systems of State and Local Governments*, Series GF, No. 2, annual; beginning 2001, Federal, State, and Local Governments, State and Local Government Public Employee Retirement Systems"; <<http://www.census.gov/govs/www/retire.html>>.

No. 532. Private Pension Plans—Summary by Type of Plan: 1990 to 1999

[712.3 represents 712,300. "Pension plan" is defined by the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) as "any plan, fund, or program which was heretofore or is hereafter established or maintained by an employer or an employee organization, or by both, to the extent that such plan (a) provides retirement income to employees, or (b) results in a deferral of income by employees for periods extending to the termination of covered employment or beyond, regardless of the method of calculating the contributions made to the plan, the method of calculating the benefits under the plan, or the method of distributing benefits from the plan." A defined benefit plan provides a definite benefit formula for calculating benefit amounts - such as a flat amount per year of service or a percentage of salary times years of service. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan in which the contributions are made to an individual account for each employee. The retirement benefit is dependent upon the account balance at retirement. The balance depends upon amounts contributed, investment experience, and, in the case of profit sharing plans, amounts which may be allocated to the account due to forfeitures by terminating employees. Employee Stock Ownership Plans (ESOP) and 401(k) plans are included among defined contribution plans. Data are based on Form 5500 series reports filed with the Internal Revenue Service]

Item	Unit	Total				Defined contribution plan				Defined benefit plan			
		1990	1995	1998	1999	1990	1995	1998	1999	1990	1995	1998	1999
Number of plans ¹	1,000 . . .	712.3	693.4	730.0	733.0	599.2	623.9	673.6	683.1	113.1	69.5	56.4	49.9
Total participants ^{2,3}	Million . . .	76.9	87.5	99.5	101.8	38.1	47.7	57.9	60.4	38.8	39.7	41.6	41.4
Active participants ^{2,4}	Million . . .	61.8	66.2	73.3	73.0	35.5	42.7	50.3	50.4	26.3	23.5	23.0	22.6
Assets ⁵	Million . . .	1,674	2,724	4,022	4,408	712	1,322	2,085	2,350	962	1,402	1,937	2,058
Contributions ⁶	Bil. dol. . .	98.8	158.8	201.9	215.8	75.8	117.4	166.9	185.9	23.0	41.4	35.0	30.0
Benefits ⁷	Bil. dol. . .	129.4	183.0	273.1	314.5	63.0	97.9	161.9	195.1	66.4	85.1	111.2	119.4

¹ Excludes all plans covering only one participant. ² Includes double counting of workers in more than one plan. ³ Total participants include active participants, vested separated workers, and retirees. ⁴ Any workers currently in employment covered by a plan and who are earning or retaining credited service under a plan. Includes any nonvested former employees who have not yet incurred breaks in service. ⁵ Asset amounts shown exclude funds held by life insurance companies under allocated group insurance contracts for payment of retirement benefits. These excluded funds make up roughly 10 to 15 percent of total private fund assets. ⁶ Includes both employer and employee contributions. ⁷ Benefits paid directly from trust and premium payments made from plan to insurance carriers. Excludes benefits paid directly by insurance carriers.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, Pension and Welfare Benefits Administration, *Private Pension Plan Bulletin*, winter 2003, and unpublished data.

No. 533. Percent Of Workers Participating In Retirement Benefits by Worker Characteristics: 2003

[Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 3,168 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. Survey covers all 50 States and the District of Columbia. See also Table 630]

Characteristic	Total ¹	Defined benefit	Defined contribution	Characteristic	Total ¹	Defined benefit	Defined contribution
Total	49	20	40	Full time ²	58	24	48
White-collar occupations	59	22	51	Part time ²	18	8	14
Blue-collar occupations	50	24	38	Union ³	83	72	39
Service occupations	21	7	16	Nonunion ³	45	15	40

¹ Total is less than the sum of the individual retirement items because many employees participated in both types of plans. ² Employees are classified as working either a full-time or part-time schedule based on the definition used by each establishment. ³ Union workers are those whose wages are determined through collective bargaining.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *News*, USDL03-489, September 17, 2003. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/eb52.pdf>>

No. 534. Defined Benefit Retirement Plans—Selected Features: 2000

[In percent, except as indicated (19,225 represents 19,225,000). Covers full-time employees in private industry. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of 1,436 private industry establishments of all sizes, representing over 107 million workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 630]

Feature	All employees	Professional, technical, and related	Clerical and sales	Blue-collar and service
Full-time employees with defined benefit plan (1,000)	19,225	5,794	5,179	8,252
Plan provisions:				
Benefits based on earnings	61	59	67	60
Early retirement benefits available	77	69	78	81
Availability of lump sum benefits at retirement	43	44	51	37
Benefit formula:				
Percent of terminal earnings	48	47	48	50
Percent of career earnings	13	12	19	10
Dollar amount formula	14	9	9	21
Percent of contribution formula	(Z)	-	-	1
Cash account ¹	23	31	23	18
Other	1	1	2	1
Requirements for normal retirement ²				
No age requirement	11	15	10	8
Less than 20 years of service	5	11	3	1
30 years of service	6	4	7	7
At age 55	4	5	7	2
At age 60	10	16	7	8
At age 62	21	18	16	26
At age 65	49	41	55	51
Sum of age plus service ³	3	4	5	2

- Represents no employees in this category or data do not meet publication criteria. Z Less than 0.5 percent. ¹ Cash balance retirement plans are a defined benefit plan in which an account is maintained for each participant, with employer contributions based on employee earnings, plus interest, being credited to that account. Cash balance plans generally do not have provisions for many of the features found in traditional defined benefit plans. Due to the increase in the incidence of cash balance plans, the prevalence of some defined benefit plan provisions has declined from earlier surveys. ² Normal retirement is defined as the point at which the participant could retire and immediately receive all accrued benefits by virtue of service and earnings, without reduction due to age. If a plan had alternative age and service requirements, the earliest age and associated service were tabulated; if one alternative did not specify an age, it was the requirement tabulated. Some age and service requirements are not shown separately. ³ In some plans, participants must also satisfy a minimum age or service requirement.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2000. U.S. Department of Labor Bulletin 2555, January 2003.*

No. 535. Pension Plan Coverage of Workers by Selected Characteristics: 2002

[63,767 represents 63,767,000. Covers workers as of March 2003 who had earnings in 2002. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, Population and Appendix III]

Sex and age	Number with coverage (1,000)				Percent of total workers			
	Total ¹	White ²	Black ²	Hispanic ³	Total ¹	White ²	Black ²	Hispanic ³
Total	63,767	53,514	6,648	4,803	41.9	42.5	40.0	25.6
Male	34,602	29,637	3,046	2,757	43.0	43.7	40.0	43.7
Under 65 years old	33,808	28,942	2,999	2,726	43.7	44.6	40.4	24.9
15 to 24 years old	1,630	1,363	190	224	13.2	13.2	15.0	10.1
25 to 44 years old	17,251	14,593	1,589	1,643	45.6	46.7	41.3	25.2
45 to 64 years old	14,926	12,986	1,220	859	55.0	55.6	52.9	38.3
65 years old and over	794	694	46	32	24.9	24.4	24.2	17.6
Female	29,165	23,878	3,602	2,046	40.8	41.2	40.0	26.9
Under 65 years old	28,509	23,312	3,548	2,019	41.3	41.8	40.3	26.9
15 to 24 years old	1,377	1,115	184	149	12.1	12.0	13.2	10.3
25 to 44 years old	14,282	11,414	1,930	1,241	43.7	44.3	41.6	29.2
45 to 64 years old	12,850	10,783	1,433	629	51.7	52.0	51.9	35.1
65 years old and over	656	565	55	27	26.2	25.6	27.9	25.2

¹ Includes other races, not shown separately. ² The 2003 CPS asked respondents to choose one or more races. White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. Black alone refers to people who reported Black and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "White and American Indian and Alaska Native" or "Asian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2000 through American FactFinder. About 2.6 percent of people reported more than one race in Census 2001. ³ Hispanic persons may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Table NC8. Pension Plan Coverage of Workers by Selected Characteristics, Gender, Race and Hispanic Origin, and Poverty Status: 2002"; published May 2004; <<http://ferret.bls.census.gov/macro/032003/noncash/toc.htm>>.

No. 536. U.S. Households Owning IRAs: 2001 to 2003

[In millions (43.0 represents 43,000,000). Incidence of IRA ownership is based on an annual tracking survey of 3,000 randomly selected, representative U.S. households conducted in July 2003]

Type of IRA	Number (mil.)			Percent of U.S. households		
	2001 ¹	2002 ²	2003 ³	2001 ¹	2002 ²	2003 ³
Any type of IRA ⁴	43.0	43.2	45.2	39.7	39.5	41.4
Traditional IRA	35.1	35.7	36.4	32.4	32.7	33.3
Roth IRA	12.2	13.2	16.0	11.3	12.1	14.6
SIMPLE IRA, SEP-IRA, or SAR-SEP IRA	8.3	8.5	8.2	7.7	7.8	7.5

¹ The number of U.S. households owning IRAs in 2001 is based on the U.S. Census Bureau's revised estimate of 108.2 million total U.S. households in 2001. ² The number of U.S. households owning IRAs in 2002 is based on the U.S. Census Bureau's revised estimate of 109.3 million total U.S. households in 2002. ³ The number of U.S. households owning IRAs in 2003 is based on the U.S. Census Bureau's most recent estimate of 109.3 million total U.S. households. ⁴ Excludes ownership of Coverdell Education Savings Accounts, which were referred to as Education IRAs before July 2001.

Source: Investment Company Institute, Washington, DC, *Fundamentals, Investment Company Institute Research in Brief, "IRA Ownership in 2002"*; Vol 12, No. 3, September 2003 (copyright). See also <http://www.nasi.org/publications2763/publications_list.htm?cat=Reports>.

No. 537. 401(k) Plans—Selected Features: 2000

[In percent, except as indicated (30,178 represents 30,178,000). Covers full-time employees in private industry. Based on National Compensation Survey, a sample survey of private industry establishments of all sizes, representing millions of workers; see Appendix III. See also Table 630]

Feature	Professional, technical, and related			
	All employees	Clerical and sales	Blue-collar and service	
Full-time employees with 401(k) plan (1,000)	30,178	9,969	9,061	11,147
Transfers/rollovers allowed ¹	70	73	68	69
MAXIMUM PRETAX EMPLOYEE CONTRIBUTIONS ²				
Percent of employee earnings	84	85	83	85
Specified dollar amount	1	1	1	1
Up to the Internal Revenue Code limit	15	14	16	14
Average maximum pretax contribution as percent of earnings ³	15.3	15.0	15.1	15.7
INVESTMENT CHOICES				
Employee permitted to choose investments for employee contributions	88	89	88	89
Employee permitted to choose investments for employer contributions	64	65	62	63

¹ Participants are allowed to transfer/rollover contributions and earnings from a previous employer's plan. ² Includes contributions that are not matched by the employer. If maximum contributions vary, such as by length of service, the highest possible contribution was tabulated. ³ The average is presented for all covered workers; averages exclude workers without the plan provision.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, *National Compensation Survey: Employee Benefits in Private Industry in the United States, 2000*. See also <<http://stats.bls.gov/ncs/home.htm>>.

No. 538. State Unemployment Insurance—Summary: 1980 to 2003

[3,356 represents 3,356,000. Includes unemployment compensation for state and local government employees where covered by state law]

Item	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Insured unemployment, avg. weekly	1,000	3,356	2,522	2,572	2,323	2,222	2,188	2,110	2,974	3,585	3,531
Percent of covered employment	Percent	3.9	2.4	2.3	2.0	1.9	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.8	(NA)
Percent of civilian unemployed	Percent	43.9	35.8	34.7	34.5	35.8	38.0	38.0	45.0	44.0	40.2
Unemployment benefits, avg. weekly	Dollars	100	161	187	193	200	212	221	238	257	262
Percent of weekly wage	Percent	36.6	36.0	35.5	33.5	32.9	33.1	32.9	34.6	36.8	(NA)
Weeks compensated	Million	149.0	116.2	118.3	106.6	101.4	100.6	96.0	136.3	166.3	163.2
Beneficiaries, first payments	1,000	9,992	8,629	8,035	7,325	7,332	6,951	7,033	9,877	10,088	9,935
Average duration of benefits ²	Weeks	14.9	13.4	14.7	14.6	13.8	14.5	13.7	13.8	16.5	16.4
Claimants exhausting benefits	1,000	3,072	2,323	2,662	2,485	2,266	2,300	2,144	2,827	4,416	4,417
Percent of first payment	Percent	33.2	29.4	34.3	32.8	31.8	31.4	31.8	34.1	42.5	43.4
Contributions collected ⁴	Bil. dol.	11.4	15.2	22.0	21.2	19.8	19.2	19.9	19.7	19.7	25.3
Benefits paid	Bil. dol.	14.2	18.1	21.2	19.7	19.4	20.3	20.5	31.6	42.0	41.4
Funds available for benefits ⁵	Bil. dol.	6.6	37.9	35.4	43.8	48.0	50.3	54.1	46.6	35.7	24.2
Average employer contribution rate ⁶	Percent	2.4	2.0	2.4	2.1	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.8	(NA)

NA Not available. ¹ Insured unemployment as percent of average covered employment in preceding year. ² Weeks compensated divided by first payment. ³ Based on first payments for 12-month period ending June 30. ⁴ Contributions from employers; also employees in states which tax workers. ⁵ End of year. Sum of balances in state clearing accounts, benefit-payment accounts, and state accounts in Federal unemployment trust funds. ⁶ As percent of taxable wages.

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, *Unemployment Insurance Financial Data Handbook*.

No. 539. State Unemployment Insurance by State and Other Area: 2003

[9,935 represents 9,935,000. See headnote, Table 538. For state data on insured unemployment, see Table 610]

State or other area	Beneficiaries, first payments (1,000)	Benefits paid (mil. dol.)	Avg. weekly unemployment benefits (dol.)	State or other area	Beneficiaries, first payments (1,000)	Benefits paid (mil. dol.)	Avg. weekly unemployment benefits (dol.)
Total	9,935	41,359	262	MT	27	81	202
AL	141	301	176	NE	46	137	216
AK	49	136	193	NV	78	305	236
AZ	116	367	173	NH	23	117	259
AR	103	301	229	NJ	367	2,098	334
CA	1,380	6,115	246	NM	37	136	211
CO	115	536	308	NY	599	3,124	272
CT	155	736	286	NC	348	955	258
DE	33	130	235	ND	16	47	222
DC	21	113	258	OH	353	1,452	252
FL	326	1,159	225	OK	77	287	229
GA	255	758	243	OR	186	856	258
HI	30	135	312	PA	566	2,678	292
ID	60	184	232	RI	43	208	309
IL	455	2,455	281	SC	149	419	210
IN	213	769	263	SD	12	33	202
IA	114	377	260	TN	201	580	210
KS	89	372	276	TX	533	2,204	261
KY	136	470	250	UT	57	214	269
LA	100	297	195	VT	28	101	255
ME	33	128	231	VA	166	606	276
MD	130	527	252	WA	268	1,456	324
MA	280	1,794	357	WV	55	184	220
MI	502	1,988	291	WI	315	973	252
MN	170	850	322	WY	16	49	238
MS	72	192	173	PR	106	228	107
MO	183	627	206	VI	2	17	277

Source: U.S. Employment and Training Administration, *Unemployment Insurance Financial Data Handbook*.

No. 540. Persons With Work Disability by Selected Characteristics: 2003

[In thousands, except percent (18,058 represents 18,058,000). As of March. Covers civilian noninstitutional population and members of Armed Forces living off post or with their families on post. Persons are classified as having a work disability if they: (1) have a health problem or disability which prevents them from working or which limits the kind or amount of work they can do; (2) have a service-connected disability or ever retired or left a job for health reasons; (3) did not work in survey reference week or previous year because of long-term illness or disability; or (4) are under age 65, and are covered by medicare or receive supplemental security income. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, Section 1, and Appendix III]

Age and participation status in assistance programs	Total ¹	Male	Female	White ²	Black ²	Hispanic ³
Persons with work disability	18,058	8,751	9,308	13,541	3,515	1,998
16 to 24 years old	1,395	724	671	962	344	185
25 to 34 years old	2,173	992	1,181	1,516	515	334
35 to 44 years old	3,708	1,791	1,917	2,752	736	408
45 to 54 years old	5,010	2,480	2,530	3,739	1,007	515
55 to 64 years old	5,772	2,764	3,009	4,572	913	557
Percent work disabled of total population . . .						
16 to 24 years old	3.9	4.0	3.8	3.4	6.7	3.1
25 to 34 years old	5.6	5.1	6.0	4.9	10.4	4.5
35 to 44 years old	8.5	8.3	8.6	7.8	13.7	6.9
45 to 54 years old	12.5	12.7	12.3	11.3	22.0	14.1
55 to 64 years old	21.1	21.0	21.1	19.6	34.8	26.5
Percent of work disabled—						
Receiving social security income	33.4	33.6	33.2	34.7	30.3	27.2
Receiving food stamps	17.1	13.0	21.0	14.5	26.1	21.8
Covered by medicaid	65.7	69.0	62.5	69.1	53.5	56.6
Residing in public housing	6.9	5.0	8.7	4.9	14.6	8.9
Residing in subsidized housing	3.9	3.3	4.5	3.1	6.6	4.5

¹ Includes other races not shown separately. ² The 2003 Current Population Survey asked respondents to choose one or more races. White alone refers to people who reported White and did not report any other race category. The use of this single-race population does not imply that it is the preferred method of presenting or analyzing data. The Census Bureau uses a variety of approaches. Information on people who reported more than one race, such as "White and American Indian and Alaska Native" or "Asian and Black or African American," is available from Census 2001 through American FactFinder. About 2.6 percent of people reported more than one race in 2000. ³ Hispanic persons may be of any race.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished data.

No. 541. Workers' Compensation Payments: 1980 to 2001

[In billions of dollars, except as indicated (22.3 represents 22,300,000). See headnote, Table 542]

Item	1980	1990	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Workers covered ¹ (mil.)	79	106	109	113	115	118	122	124	127	127
Premium amounts paid ²	22.3	53.1	60.5	57.1	55.3	51.6	51.7	54.0	58.2	62.8
Private carriers ²	15.7	35.1	34.0	31.6	30.5	30.0	30.4	32.0	35.3	36.8
State funds ³	3.0	8.0	11.2	10.5	10.2	8.0	7.9	8.0	8.6	11
Federal programs ³	1.1	2.2	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.0	2.1	2.9	2.2	2.3
Self-insurers	2.4	7.9	12.8	12.5	12.0	11.8	11.3	11.8	12.0	12.7
Annual benefits paid ²	13.6	38.2	44.6	43.4	41.8	41.4	42.5	44.5	47.0	48.7
By private carriers ²	7.0	22.2	22.3	21.1	20.4	21.6	23.1	24.6	26.4	26.9
From state funds ⁴	4.3	8.8	10.8	11.0	10.6	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.6	8.1
Employers' self-insurance ⁵	2.3	7.2	11.5	11.2	10.8	10.6	10.2	10.6	10.8	11.5
Type of benefit:										
Medical/hospitalization	3.9	15.2	17.2	16.7	16.5	17.2	17.9	19.1	20.6	21.9
Compensation payments	9.7	23.1	27.5	26.7	25.3	24.2	24.6	25.4	26.4	26.8
Percent of covered payroll: ¹										
Workers' compensation costs ^{6,7}	1.96	2.18	2.05	1.83	1.66	1.49	1.37	1.34	1.34	1.41
Benefits ⁷	1.07	1.57	1.51	1.39	1.26	1.14	1.08	1.06	1.03	1.04

¹ Data for year 1980 not comparable with later years. ² Premium and benefit amounts include estimated payments under insurance policy deductible provisions. Deductible benefits are allocated to private carriers and state funds. ³ Years 1980-1996 includes federal employer compensation program and that portion of federal black lung benefits program financed from employer contributions. Years 1997-2001 includes federal employer compensation program only due to changes in reporting methods. ⁴ Net cash and medical benefits paid by competitive and exclusive state funds and by federal workers' compensation programs. ⁵ Cash and medical benefits paid by self-insurers, plus value of medical benefits paid by employers carrying workers' compensation policies that exclude standard medical coverage. ⁶ Premiums written by private carriers and state funds, and benefits paid by self-insurers increased by 5-10 percent from 1980 to 1990 and by 11 percent for 1994-2000 for administrative costs. Also includes benefits paid and administrative costs of federal system for government employees. ⁷ Excludes programs financed from general revenue—black lung benefits and supplemental pensions in some states.

Source: 1980-1990, U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*. Beginning 1994, National Academy of Social Insurance, Washington, DC, *Workers' Compensation: Benefits, Coverage, and Costs*, annual.

No. 542. Workers' Compensation Payments by State: 1997 to 2001

[In millions of dollars (42,313 represents \$42,313,000,000). Calendar-year data. Payments represent compensation and medical benefits and include insurance losses paid by private insurance carriers (compiled from state workers' compensation agencies and A.M. Best Co); disbursements of state funds (compiled from the A.M. Best Co. and state workers' compensation agencies); and self-insurance payments (compiled from state workers' compensation agencies and authors estimates)

State	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	State	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001
Total	42,313	43,355	45,197	47,684	49,354	Montana	143	137	146	170	173
Alabama	530	602	551	529	563	Nebraska	217	164	198	211	237
Alaska	128	127	130	146	171	Nevada	324	331	384	361	381
Arizona	450	433	466	515	393	New Hampshire	174	170	190	182	215
Arkansas	170	171	173	194	201	New Jersey	1,080	1,097	1,152	1,198	1,198
California	7,074	7,366	7,852	8,968	9,604	New Mexico	136	128	136	146	162
Colorado	820	811	739	835	581	New York	2,620	2,601	2,796	2,909	2,978
Connecticut	732	715	737	667	661	North Carolina	687	810	814	853	868
Delaware	143	147	133	146	145	North Dakota	68	69	70	74	80
District of Columbia	88	90	90	89	92	Ohio	2,036	2,077	2,039	2,099	2,249
Florida	2,443	2,538	2,768	2,545	2,639	Oklahoma	578	536	497	485	497
Georgia	861	889	896	996	1,067	Oregon	417	431	384	412	456
Hawaii	255	233	222	231	252	Pennsylvania	2,492	2,418	2,467	2,403	2,440
Idaho	153	164	169	179	197	Rhode Island	113	109	111	109	115
Illinois	1,764	1,838	1,953	2,049	2,116	South Carolina	459	467	512	597	532
Indiana	446	481	511	546	528	South Dakota	70	67	73	67	75
Iowa	286	304	309	352	396	Tennessee	473	551	586	642	683
Kansas	314	319	326	342	340	Texas	1,477	1,592	1,875	2,005	2,043
Kentucky	451	421	478	479	525	Utah	170	189	196	188	209
Louisiana	440	442	465	494	502	Vermont	86	91	106	112	105
Maine	282	254	266	267	264	Virginia	562	658	629	681	665
Maryland	717	691	714	730	787	Washington	1,218	1,287	1,395	1,528	1,638
Massachusetts	747	729	733	828	764	West Virginia	614	644	687	690	712
Michigan	1,332	1,367	1,393	1,474	1,478	Wisconsin	670	704	724	768	922
Minnesota	739	737	745	798	908	Wyoming	70	73	75	83	98
Mississippi	231	235	254	269	271	Federal total ¹	2,780	2,868	2,862	2,957	3,069
Missouri	980	980	1,021	1,085	1,108	Federal employees	1,901	2,010	2,000	2,119	2,223

¹ Federal benefits include: those paid under the Federal Employees Compensation Act for civilian employees; the portion of the Black Lung benefit program that is financed by employers; and a portion of benefits under the Longshore and Harbor Workers Compensation Act that are not reflected in state data, namely, benefits paid by self-insured employers and by special funds under the LHWCA. See Appendix H of source for more information about federal programs.

Source: National Academy of Social Insurance, Washington, DC, *Workers' Compensation: Benefits, Coverage, and Costs*, annual. Also see <<http://www.nasi.org/>>

No. 543. Supplemental Security Income—Recipients and Payments: 1980 to 2002

[As of December, except total payments, calendar year (4,142 represents 4,142,000). See also Appendix III]

Program	Unit	1980	1990	1995	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Recipients, total ¹	1,000	4,142	4,817	6,514	6,495	6,566	6,557	6,602	6,688	6,787
Aged	1,000	1,808	1,454	1,446	1,363	1,332	1,308	1,289	1,264	1,251
Blind	1,000	78	84	84	81	80	79	79	78	77
Disabled	1,000	2,256	3,279	4,984	5,052	5,154	5,169	5,234	5,345	5,459
Payments, total ²	Mill. dol.	7,941	16,599	27,628	29,052	30,216	30,923	31,564	32,165	33,718
Aged	Mill. dol.	2,734	3,736	4,467	4,532	4,425	4,712	4,811	4,664	4,803
Blind	Mill. dol.	190	334	376	375	366	391	394	398	416
Disabled	Mill. dol.	5,014	12,521	22,779	24,006	25,305	25,719	26,198	27,103	28,499
Average monthly payment, total ¹	Dollars.	168	299	358	351	359	368	378	393	407
Aged	Dollars	128	213	251	268	277	289	299	314	330
Blind	Dollars	213	342	370	382	390	401	413	428	445
Disabled	Dollars	198	337	389	373	380	388	397	412	425

¹ Persons with a federal SSI payment and/or federally administered state supplementation. ² Includes payments not distributed by reason for eligibility.

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Social Security Bulletin*, quarterly and *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 544. Supplemental Security Income (SSI)—Recipients and Payments by State and Other Area: 1995 to 2002

[Recipients as of December; payments for calendar year (6,514 represents 6,514,000). Data cover federal SSI payments and/or federally-administered state supplementation. For explanation of methodology, see Appendix III]

State and other area	Recipients (1,000)		Payments for year (mil. dol.)		State and other area	Recipients (1,000)		Payments for year (mil. dol.)			
	1995	2002	1995	2002		1995	2002	1995	2001	2002	
Total	6,514	6,789	27,037	32,166	33,722						
U.S.	6,513	6,788	27,035	32,163	33,719						
AL	165	164	600	698	730	MO	114	114	431	495	515
AK	7	10	27	40	44	MT	14	14	53	61	63
AZ	73	88	288	382	406	NE	21	22	76	90	93
AR	94	85	326	341	354	NV	21	29	79	120	133
CA	1,032	1,136	5,391	6,685	7,230	NH	11	12	39	52	56
CO	57	54	217	237	243	NJ	144	148	594	700	721
CT	45	50	181	227	236	NM	45	49	166	205	217
DE	11	13	40	53	56	NY	589	625	2,724	3,320	3,408
DC	20	20	83	98	102	NC	191	193	639	769	798
FL	338	397	1,300	1,724	1,814	ND	9	8	29	31	32
GA	199	199	692	826	854	OH	248	241	1,044	1,162	1,190
HI	19	22	82	107	111	OK	74	74	266	316	328
ID	17	19	63	81	87	OR	47	56	183	246	263
IL	267	252	1,160	1,208	1,247	PA	265	302	1,159	1,464	1,551
IN	89	91	348	399	424	RI	24	29	100	141	146
IA	42	42	148	167	175	SC	111	106	384	446	454
KS	38	37	141	158	164	SD	14	13	47	51	52
KY	165	177	635	779	803	TN	180	162	648	689	705
LA	182	167	717	741	761	TX	404	436	1,391	1,683	1,797
ME	31	31	96	123	131	UT	20	21	80	93	98
MD	82	90	332	420	435	VT	13	13	50	54	55
MA	164	167	700	833	849	VA	130	132	471	555	575
MI	210	214	896	1,021	1,065	WA	92	106	398	521	540
MN	62	67	235	289	303	WV	68	74	276	335	349
MS	141	127	504	530	543	WI	112	87	487	371	386
						WY	6	6	21	25	25
						N. Mariana	1	1	2	3	3

Source: U.S. Social Security Administration, *Annual Statistical Supplement to the Social Security Bulletin*.

No. 545. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Families and Recipients: 1980 to 2003

[In thousands (3,712 represents 3,712,000). Average monthly families and recipients for calendar year. Prior to TANF, the cash assistance program to families was called Aid to Families with Dependent Children (1980-1996). Under the new welfare law (Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996), the program became TANF. See text, this section. Includes Puerto Rico, Guam, and Virgin Islands]

Year	Families	Recipients	Year	Families	Recipients	Year	Families	Recipients
1980	3,712	10,774	1988	3,749	10,915	1996	4,434	12,321
1981	3,835	11,079	1989	3,799	10,993	1997	3,740	10,376
1982	3,542	10,258	1990	4,057	11,695	1998	3,050	8,347
1983	3,686	10,761	1991	4,467	12,930	1999	2,554	6,824
1984	3,714	10,831	1992	4,829	13,773	2000	2,215	5,778
1985	3,701	10,855	1993	5,012	14,205	2001	2,104	5,359
1986	3,763	11,038	1994	5,033	14,161	2002	2,048	5,069
1987	3,776	11,027	1995	4,791	13,418	2003	2,025	4,932

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, unpublished data.

No. 546. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Recipients by State and Other Areas: 2001 to 2003

[In thousands (2,104 represents 2,104,000). Average monthly families and recipients for calendar year, except as noted. See headnote, Table 545]

State or other area	Families			Recipients			State or other area	Families			Recipients		
	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003		2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003
Total	2,104	2,048	2,025	5,359	5,069	4,932	MT	5	6	6	15	17	17
U.S.	2,075	2,023	2,002	5,273	4,994	4,867	NE	10	11	11	24	26	27
AL	18	18	19	44	42	46	NV	8	12	10	21	28	24
AK	6	6	5	17	17	15	NH	6	6	6	14	14	14
AZ	35	42	49	85	99	116	NJ	44	42	43	110	102	104
AR	12	12	11	28	27	25	NM	18	17	17	51	46	45
CA	465	459	450	1,177	1,146	1,107	NY	218	158	148	580	369	336
CO	11	12	14	28	32	37	NC	43	42	40	93	89	83
CT	26	23	21	59	51	43	ND	3	3	3	8	8	9
DE	5	6	6	12	12	13	OH	84	84	84	195	189	187
DC	16	16	17	43	42	43	OK	14	15	15	35	37	37
FL	58	59	58	123	122	120	OR	17	18	19	38	42	43
GA	51	54	56	121	130	134	PA	82	80	82	214	209	214
HI	13	11	10	39	29	25	RI	15	14	13	41	38	35
ID	1	1	2	2	2	3	SC	20	22	21	48	54	51
IL	58	45	36	169	123	92	SD	3	3	3	6	7	6
IN	43	51	52	121	141	138	TN	60	64	70	158	168	185
IA	20	20	20	55	53	52	TX	130	131	129	344	333	318
KS	13	14	16	34	37	41	UT	7	8	9	19	20	22
KY	36	35	35	81	77	77	VT	5	5	5	14	13	13
LA	25	23	23	64	60	57	VA	29	30	20	65	68	47
ME	10	10	10	26	26	26	WA	54	54	55	141	136	135
MD	28	27	26	68	63	62	WV	15	16	16	41	41	41
MA	43	48	50	101	109	109	WI	18	19	21	41	46	50
MI	72	73	77	198	198	206	WY	1	-	-	1	1	1
MN	38	36	36	108	95	94	PR	26	22	19	73	63	53
MS	16	18	20	37	42	45	GU	3	3	3	10	11	11
MO	45	44	41	121	115	101	VI	1	1	-	2	2	1

- Represents or rounds to zero.

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, unpublished data.

No. 547. Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)—Expenditures by State: 2000 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (24,781 represents \$24,781,000,000). Represents federal and state funds expended in fiscal year]

State	2002				State	2002			
	2000, total	2001, total	Total ¹	Expenditures on assistance		2000, total	2001, total	Total ¹	Expenditures on assistance
U.S.	24,781	25,667	25,414	11,222	MO	321	342	326	205
AL	96	105	135	35	MT	44	51	61	34
AK	93	86	93	67	NE	79	63	77	52
AZ	261	274	309	131	NV	69	61	89	54
AR	139	90	70	26	NH	73	64	72	37
CA	6,481	6,466	5,477	3,428	NJ	321	555	952	239
CO	205	189	233	55	NM	149	153	123	83
CT	436	413	436	154	NY	3,512	3,805	3,852	1,899
DE	55	56	56	36	NC	440	475	471	138
DC	157	167	209	67	ND	33	37	33	17
FL	781	926	993	304	OH	995	1,158	901	351
GA	386	474	511	69	OK	130	124	148	113
HI	162	150	137	85	OR	169	291	258	108
ID	43	46	39	5	PA	1,327	975	1,063	358
IL	879	956	971	151	RI	172	162	174	98
IN	342	352	328	160	SC	245	128	134	38
IA	163	159	150	78	SD	21	21	23	15
KS	151	150	137	85	TN	293	283	311	161
KY	203	211	207	113	TX	727	753	741	267
LA	118	128	240	68	UT	100	80	110	53
ME	108	100	104	87	VT	62	61	69	45
MD	336	395	428	227	VA	418	255	264	101
MA	690	681	670	298	WA	535	659	628	295
MI	1,264	1,249	1,267	239	WV	134	205	214	106
MN	381	430	466	184	WI	382	494	489	126
MS	62	131	144	65	WY	34	29	22	8

¹ Includes other items not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, *Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) Program, Annual Report to Congress*.

No. 548. Child Support—Award and Reciprocity Status of Custodial Parent: 2001

[In thousands except as noted (13,383 represents 13,383,000). Custodial parents 15 years and older with own children under 21 years of age present from absent parents as of spring 2002. Covers civilian noninstitutional population. Based on Current Population Survey; see text, section 1, and Appendix III. For definition of mean, see Guide to Tabular Presentation]

Award and reciprocity status	All custodial parents				Custodial parents below the poverty level			
	Total				Total			
	Number	Percent distribution	Mothers	Fathers	Number	Percent distribution	Mothers	Fathers
Total	13,383	(X)	11,291	2,092	3,131	(X)	2,823	308
With child support agreement or award	7,916	(X)	7,110	807	1,706	(X)	1,571	135
Supposed to receive payments in 2001	6,924	100.0	6,212	712	1,469	100.0	1,339	130
Actually received payments in 2001	5,119	73.9	4,639	480	963	65.6	885	77
Received full amount	3,099	44.8	2,821	278	453	30.8	423	30
Received partial payments	2,020	29.2	1,818	202	510	34.7	463	47
Did not receive payments in 2001	1,804	26.1	1,573	232	507	34.5	454	53
Child support not awarded	5,466	(X)	4,181	1,285	1,425	(X)	1,253	172
MEAN INCOME AND CHILD SUPPORT								
Received child support payments in 2001:								
Mean total money income (dol.)	29,008	(X)	28,258	36,255	7,571	(X)	7,604	7,189
Mean child support received (dol.)	4,274	(X)	4,274	4,273	3,041	(X)	3,078	2,622
Received the full amount due:								
Mean total money income (dol.)	32,338	(X)	31,734	38,479	7,963	(X)	7,958	8,032
Mean child support received (dol.)	5,665	(X)	5,655	5,768	4,576	(X)	4,701	2,831
Received partial payments:								
Mean total money income (dol.)	23,899	(X)	22,865	33,199	7,223	(X)	7,281	6,647
Mean child support received (dol.)	2,141	(X)	2,132	2,219	1,677	(X)	1,595	2,487
Received no payments in 2001:								
Mean total money income (dol.)	23,571	(X)	21,835	35,348	6,832	(X)	6,755	7,492
Without child support agreement or award:								
Mean total money income (dol.)	24,055	(X)	19,339	39,396	6,113	(X)	6,089	6,287

X Not applicable.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, unpublished data.

No. 549. Child Support Enforcement Program—Caseload and Collections: 1990 to 2003

[For years ending Sept. 30 (12,796 represents 12,796,000). Includes Puerto Rico, Guam, and the Virgin Islands. The child support enforcement program locates absent parents, establishes paternity of children born out-of-wedlock, and establishes and enforces support orders. By law, these services are available to all families that need them. The program is operated at the state and local government level but 68 percent of administrative costs are paid by the federal government. Child support collected for families not receiving Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) goes to the family to help it remain self-sufficient. Most of the child support collected on behalf of TANF families goes to federal and state governments to offset TANF payments. Some states pass-through a portion of the CS collections to help families become self-sufficient. Based on data reported by state agencies. Minus sign (-) indicates net outlay]

Item	Unit	Year								2003, prel.
		1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002		
Total cases ¹	1,000	12,796	19,162	19,419	17,330	17,334	17,061	16,066	15,923	
Paternities established, total ²	1,000	393	659	848	845	867	777	697	663	
Support orders established, total ³	1,000	1,022	1,051	1,148	1,220	1,175	1,181	1,220	1,161	
FINANCES										
Collections, total	Mil. dol.	6,010	10,827	14,348	15,901	17,854	18,958	20,137	21,176	
TANF/FC collections ⁴	Mil. dol.	1,750	2,689	2,650	2,482	2,593	2,592	2,893	2,972	
State share	Mil. dol.	620	939	1,089	1,048	1,080	1,004	947	948	
Incentive payments to states	Mil. dol.	264	400	396	377	353	337	338	356	
Federal share	Mil. dol.	533	822	961	922	968	895	1,183	1,167	
Non-TANF collections	Mil. dol.	4,260	8,138	11,698	13,419	15,261	16,366	17,244	18,204	
Administrative expenditures, total	Mil. dol.	1,606	3,012	3,585	4,039	4,526	4,835	5,183	5,213	
State share	Mil. dol.	545	918	1,200	1,359	1,519	1,613	1,752	1,764	
Federal share	Mil. dol.	1,061	2,095	2,385	2,680	3,006	3,222	3,432	3,448	
Program savings, total	Mil. dol.	-190	-852	-1,139	-1,692	-2,125	-2,599	-3,053	-3,098	
State share	Mil. dol.	338	421	286	66	-87	-272	-463	-461	
Federal share	Mil. dol.	-528	-1,273	-1,424	-1,758	-2,038	-2,327	-2,590	-2,637	

¹ Passage of The Personal Responsibility and Work Opportunity Reconciliation Act mandated new categories in 1999 and cases were no longer double counted resulting in a 2 million case reduction. ² Does not include in-hospital paternities.

³ Through 1990 includes modifications to orders. ⁴ Collections for current assistance cases where the children are: (1) recipients of TANF under title IV-A of the Social Security Act or (2) entitled to Foster Care (FC) maintenance under title IV-E of the Social Security Act plus collections distributed as assistance reimbursements. Includes medical support and payments to families of current assistance not shown separately. Assistance reimbursements are collections that will be divided between the state and federal governments to reimburse their respective shares of either Title IV-A assistance payments or Title IV-E Foster Care maintenance payments. ⁵ Prior to fiscal year 2000, incentives were paid out of the federal share of collections and the net federal share was reported.

Source: U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office of Child Support Enforcement, *Annual Report to Congress*.

No. 550. Federal Food Programs: 1990 to 2003

[20.1 represents 20,100,000. For years ending Sept. 30. Program data include Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, Northern Marianas, and the former Trust Territory when a federal food program was operated in these areas. Participation data are average monthly figures except as noted. Participants are not reported for the commodity distribution programs. Cost data are direct federal benefits to recipients; they exclude Federal administrative payments and applicable state and local contributions. Federal costs for commodities and cash-in-lieu of commodities are shown separately from direct cash benefits for those programs receiving both]

Program	Unit	1990	1995	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Foed Stamp:									
Participants	Million	20.1	26.6	19.8	18.2	17.1	17.3	19.1	21.3
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	14,187	22,765	16,889	15,755	14,952	15,547	18,257	21,407
Monthly average coupon value per recipient	Dollars	58.92	71.26	71.12	72.21	72.70	74.83	79.68	83.90
Nutrition assistance program for Puerto Rico:									
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	937	1,131	1,204	1,236	1,268	1,296	1,351	1,377
National school lunch program (NSLP):									
Free lunches served	Million	1,662	2,090	2,198	2,207	2,205	2,182	2,278	2,334
Reduced-price lunches served	Million	273	309	362	392	409	425	441	453
Children participating	Million	24.1	25.7	26.6	26.9	27.2	27.5	28.0	28.4
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	3,214	4,466	5,102	5,314	5,493	5,612	6,051	6,339
School breakfast (SB):									
Children participating	Million	4.1	6.3	7.1	7.4	7.6	7.8	8.1	8.4
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	596	1,049	1,272	1,345	1,393	1,450	1,567	1,651
Special supplemental food program (WIC):									
Participants	Million	4.5	6.9	7.4	7.3	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.6
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	1,637	2,517	2,808	2,853	2,852	3,008	3,131	3,224
Child and adult care food program (CACFP):									
Participants	Million	1.5	2.4	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.9	2.9
Federal cost	Mill. dol.	720	1,296	1,372	1,438	1,501	1,548	1,658	1,728
Federal cost of commodities donated to:									
Child nutrition (NSLP, CACFP, SFS, and SBP)	Mill. dol.	646	733	774	754	704	917	862	908
Emergency feeding	Mill. dol.	286	100	190	234	182	333	380	396

¹ Average monthly participation (excluding summer months of June through August). Includes children in public and private elementary and secondary schools and in residential child care institutes. ² WIC serves pregnant and postpartum women, infants, and children up to age five. ³ CACFP provides year-round subsidies to feed preschool children in child care centers and family day care homes. Certain care centers serving disabled or elderly adults also receive meal subsidies. ⁴ Average quarterly daily attendance at participating institutions. ⁵ Includes the Federal cost of commodity entitlements, cash-in-lieu of commodities, and bonus foods. ⁶ Provides free commodities to needy persons for home consumption through food banks, hunger centers, soup kitchens, and similar nonprofit agencies. Includes the Emergency Food Assistance Program, the commodity purchases for soup kitchens/food banks program (FY 1989-96), and commodity disaster relief.

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Food and Nutrition Service, Program Data; <<http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/>>; updated monthly.

No. 551. Federal Food Stamp Program by State: 2001 to 2003

[Participation data are average monthly number (17,313 represents 17,313,000). For years ending Sept. 30. Food stamp costs are for benefits only and exclude administrative expenditures]

State	Persons (1,000)			Benefits (mil. dol.)			State	Persons (1,000)			Benefits (mil. dol.)		
	2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003		2001	2002	2003	2001	2002	2003
Total	17,313	19,094	21,262	15,547	18,257	21,407	MS	298	325	356	254	298	335
U.S.	17,277	19,057	21,225	15,492	18,188	21,335	MO	454	515	592	395	477	568
AL	411	444	472	365	417	466	MT	62	63	71	54	58	69
AK	38	46	51	46	59	66	NE	81	88	99	63	74	89
AZ	291	379	466	280	386	498	NV	69	97	111	65	96	113
AR	256	284	310	223	265	304	NH	36	41	45	28	35	40
CA	1,668	1,710	1,708	1,583	1,707	1,808	NJ	318	320	339	292	314	339
CO	154	178	208	131	165	203	NM	163	170	195	136	154	184
CT	157	169	181	136	146	165	NY	1,354	1,347	1,435	1,365	1,479	1,677
DE	32	40	46	32	39	48	NC	494	574	649	425	536	645
DC	73	74	82	70	76	90	ND	38	37	40	27	31	37
FL	887	985	1,041	771	878	988	OH	641	735	855	573	726	879
GA	574	646	750	515	621	782	OK	271	317	380	236	288	362
HI	108	106	100	150	152	156	OR	284	359	398	240	319	381
ID	60	70	82	47	62	77	PA	748	767	823	639	700	785
IL	825	886	954	810	923	1,053	RI	71	72	74	59	64	69
IN	347	411	470	317	408	484	SC	316	379	451	269	352	443
IA	126	141	154	107	129	149	SD	45	48	51	39	45	51
KS	124	140	161	92	113	140	TN	522	598	728	454	552	722
KY	413	450	503	350	410	486	TX	1,361	1,554	1,875	1,270	1,522	1,881
LA	518	588	655	483	587	685	UT	80	90	106	67	80	102
ME	104	111	133	86	97	124	VT	39	40	41	31	34	38
MD	208	228	252	191	215	257	VA	332	352	394	263	305	366
MA	219	243	292	173	209	254	WA	309	350	404	261	318	394
MI	641	750	838	504	645	783	WV	221	236	247	178	198	216
MN	198	217	235	172	201	227	WI	216	262	297	152	197	233
							WY	23	24	25	19	22	24

¹ Includes Guam and the Virgin Islands. Several outlying areas receive nutrition assistance grants in lieu of food stamp assistance (e.g., Puerto Rico, American Samoa and the Northern Marianas).

Source: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, Food and Nutrition Service, Program Data; <<http://www.fns.usda.gov/pd/>>; updated monthly.

No. 552. Selected Characteristics of Food Stamp Households and Participants: 1990 to 2002

[7,803 represents 7,803,000. For years ending September 30. Data for 1990 exclude Guam and the Virgin Islands. Based on a sample of households from the Food Stamp Quality Control System]

Year	Households				Participants		
	Total (1,000)	Percent of total			Total (1,000)	Percent of total	
		With children	With elderly	With disabled ²		Children	Elderly ¹
1990	7,803	60.3	18.1	8.9	20,411	49.6	7.7
1993	10,791	62.1	15.5	10.7	27,595	51.5	6.8
1994	11,091	61.1	15.8	12.5	28,009	51.4	7.0
1995	10,883	59.7	16.0	18.9	26,955	51.5	7.1
1996	10,552	59.5	16.2	20.2	25,926	51.0	7.3
1997	9,452	58.3	17.6	22.3	23,117	51.4	7.9
1998	8,246	58.3	18.2	24.4	19,969	52.8	8.2
1999	7,670	55.7	20.1	26.5	18,149	51.5	9.4
2000	7,335	53.9	21.0	27.5	17,091	51.3	10.0
2001	7,450	53.6	20.4	27.7	17,297	51.1	9.6
2002	8,201	54.1	18.7	27.0	19,041	51.0	8.9

¹ Persons 60 years old and over. ² Beginning 1995, disabled households are defined as households with at least one member under age 65 who received SSI, or at least one member age 18 to 61 who received Social Security, veterans benefits, or other government benefits as a result of a disability. For years prior to 1995, disabled households are defined as households with SSI but no members over age 59. The substantial increase in the percentage of households with a disabled member between 1994 and 1995 is due in part to the change in the definition of disabled households. Using the previous definition, 13.3 percent of households included a disabled person in fiscal year 1995.

No. 553. Food Stamp Households and Participants—Summary: 2002

[8,201 represents 8,201,000. For year ending September 30. Based on a sample of 46,963 households from the Food Stamp Quality Control System]

Household type and income source	Households		Age, sex, race, and Hispanic origin	Participants	
	Number (1,000)	Percent		Number (1,000)	Percent
Total	8,201	100.0	Total	19,041	100.0
With children	4,437	54.1	Children	9,712	51.0
Single-parent households	2,825	34.5	Under 5 years old	3,224	16.9
Married-couple households	778	9.5	5 to 17 years old	6,488	34.1
Other	834	18.8	Adults	7,636	40.1
With elderly	1,537	18.7	18 to 35 years old	3,994	21.0
Living alone	1,233	15.0	36 to 59 years old	3,642	19.1
Not living alone	303	3.7	60 years old and over	1,687	8.9
Disabled	2,213	27.0	Male	7,769	40.8
Living alone	1,300	15.8	Female	11,269	59.2
Not living alone	914	11.1	White, non-Hispanic	7,925	41.6
Earned income	2,299	28.0	Black, non-Hispanic	6,650	34.9
Wages and salaries	1,919	23.4	Hispanic	3,467	18.2
Unearned income	6,177	75.3	Asian	537	2.8
TANF ¹	1,716	20.9	Native American	303	1.6
Supplemental Security Income	2,417	29.5	Other	159	0.8
Social Security	1,995	24.3			
No income	865	10.5			

¹ Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program.

Source of Tables 552 and 553: U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Food and Nutrition Service, *Characteristics of Food Stamp Households: Fiscal Year 2002*, December 2003.

No. 554. Head Start—Summary: 1980 to 2003

[For years ending September 30 (376 represents 376,000)]

Year	Enrollment (1,000)	Appropriation (mil. dol.)	Age and race	Enrollment, 2003 (percent)	Item	
					Number	Number
1980	376	735	Under 3 years old	8	Average cost per child:	
1985	452	1,075	3 years old	34	1995	\$4,534
1990	541	1,552	4 years old	53	2000	\$5,951
1994	740	3,326	5 years old and over	5	2003	\$7,092
1995	751	3,534			Paid staff (1,000):	
1996	752	3,569			1995	147
1997	794	3,981	White	28	2000	180
1998	822	4,347	Black	32	2003	206
1999	826	4,658	Hispanic	31		
2000	858	5,267	American Indian	3	Volunteers (1,000):	
2001	905	6,200	Asian	2	1995	1,235
2002	912	6,537	Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander	1	2000	1,252
2003	910	6,668			2003	1,372

Source: U.S. Administration for Children and Families, Head Start Statistical Fact Sheet, <<http://www2.acf.dhhs.gov/programs/hsb/research/index.htm>>.

No. 555. Social Assistance—Taxable Establishments, Receipts, Payroll, and Employees by Kind of Business: 1997

[18,051 represents \$18,051,000,000. For combined social assistance taxable and tax-exempt data, see T. 728]

Kind of business	NAICS code ¹	All firms		Employer firms			Paid employees ² (1,000)
		Establishments (number)	Receipts (mil. dol.)	Establishments (number)	Receipts (mil. dol.)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)	
Social assistance	624	583,203	18,051	56,691	12,599	5,766	491.1
Individual & family services	6241	43,070	3,228	9,843	2,636	1,113	68.8
Child & youth services	62411	(NA)	(NA)	1,648	539	210	11.5
Services for elderly & disabled persons	62412	(NA)	(NA)	2,976	807	394	32.2
Other individual & family services	62419	(NA)	(NA)	5,219	1,290	508	25.1
Community/emergency & other relief services	6242	1,682	136	344	112	29	1.6
Community food services	62421	(NA)	(NA)	95	18	4	0.4
Community housing services	62422	(NA)	(NA)	167	74	21	1.0
Emergency & other relief services	62423	(NA)	(NA)	82	20	4	0.2
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	5,762	1,514	2,549	1,432	676	32.0
Child day care services	6244	532,689	13,172	43,955	8,419	3,948	388.7

NA Not available. ¹ North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text, Section 15. ² For pay period including March 12.

No. 556. Social Assistance—Tax-Exempt Establishments, Receipts, Payroll, and Employees by Kind of Business: 1997

[44,756 represents \$44,756,000,000. Covers establishments with payroll only. For combined social assistance taxable and tax-exempt data, see T. 728]

Kind of business	NAICS code ¹	Establishments (number)	Receipts (mil. dol.)	Annual payroll (mil. dol.)	Paid employees ² (1,000)
Social assistance	624	69,737	44,756	18,628	1,253.1
Individual & family services	6241	36,364	26,453	10,781	642.6
Child & youth services	62411	11,086	7,719	3,171	172.0
Services for elderly & disabled persons	62412	9,960	8,217	3,260	226.7
Other individual & family services	62419	15,318	10,516	4,350	243.9
Community/emergency & other relief services	6242	9,606	6,085	1,739	100.8
Community food services	62421	2,988	1,598	324	23.0
Community housing services	62422	4,737	2,954	1,079	60.2
Emergency & other relief services	62423	1,881	1,534	336	17.7
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	5,668	6,462	3,093	269.7
Child day care services	6244	18,099	5,757	3,015	240.0

¹ North American Industry Classification System, 1997; see text, Section 15. ² For pay period including March 12.

Source of Tables 555 and 556: U.S. Census Bureau, *1997 Economic Census, Health Care and Social Assistance*, Series EC97S62A-US, issued October 1999 and *Nonemployer Statistics*.

No. 557. Social Assistance Services—Revenue for Employer Firms: 2000 to 2002

[In millions of dollars (74,158 represents \$74,158,000,000). Based on the North American Industry Classification System 1997 (NAICS), see text, Section 15. See Appendix III]

Kind of business	NAICS code	2002				
		2000, total	2001, total	Total	Taxable firms	Tax-exempt firms
Social assistance	624	74,158	82,628	88,347	19,910	68,436
Individual and family services	6241	37,318	41,958	44,571	4,557	40,014
Child and youth services	62411	9,993	11,316	11,868	894	10,974
Services for elderly and disabled persons	62412	11,311	12,468	13,418	1,465	11,954
Other individual and family services	62419	16,014	18,175	19,284	2,198	17,086
Community, emergency and other relief services	6242	7,736	8,476	9,055	490	8,565
Community food services	62421	2,194	2,371	2,512	(S)	2,267
Community housing services	62422	3,855	4,312	4,651	215	4,436
Emergency and other relief services	62423	1,688	1,793	1,893	(S)	1,863
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	10,919	11,879	12,733	2,295	10,438
Child day care services	6244	18,184	20,314	21,988	12,569	9,419

S Figure does not meet publication standards.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Service Annual Survey, 2002*. See also <<http://www.census.gov/svsd/www/sas62.html>>.

No. 558. Social Assistance—Nonemployer Establishments and Receipts: 1999 to 2001

[Receipts in millions of dollars (6,793 represents \$6,793,000,000). Includes only firms subject to federal income tax. Nonemployers are businesses with no paid employees. Based on the North American Industry Classification System 1997 (NAICS), see text, Section 15]

Kind of business	NAICS code	Establishments			Receipts		
		1999	2000	2001	1999	2000	2001
Social assistance, total	624	605,113	642,946	675,764	6,793	7,539	8,228
Individual & family services	6241	63,775	72,433	79,250	949	1,106	1,276
Community/emergency & other relief services	6242	3,333	3,560	3,976	45	54	63
Vocational rehabilitation services	6243	6,731	7,314	8,115	134	151	164
Child day care services	6244	531,274	559,639	584,423	5,665	6,228	6,725

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, *Nonemployer Statistics*; published September 2003; <<http://www.census.gov/epcd/nonemployer/>>.

No. 559. Child Care Arrangements of Preschool Children by Type of Arrangement: 1991 to 2001

[In percent, except as indicated (8,428 represents 8,428,000). Estimates are based on children 3 to 5 years old who have not entered kindergarten. Based on interviews from a sample survey of the civilian, noninstitutional population in households with telephones; see source for details. See also Appendix III]

Characteristic	Children		Type of nonparental arrangement ¹			
	Number (1,000)	Percent distribution	In relative care	In nonrelative care	In center-based program ²	With parental care only
1991, total	8,428	100.0	16.9	14.8	52.8	31.0
1995, total	9,232	100.0	19.4	16.9	55.1	25.9
2001, total	8,551	100.0	22.8	14.1	56.4	26.1
Age:						
3 years old	3,795	44.4	23.6	14.7	42.8	33.8
4 years old	3,861	45.1	22.5	13.6	65.9	20.4
5 years old	896	10.5	20.9	13.1	73.0	18.0
Race-ethnicity:						
White, non-Hispanic	5,313	62.1	19.6	16.5	59.1	25.3
Black, non-Hispanic	1,251	14.6	36.7	8.5	63.1	15.1
Hispanic	1,506	17.6	22.8	11.3	39.9	39.0
Other	482	5.6	22.8	10.8	61.8	23.7
Household income:						
Less than \$10,001	951	11.1	37.1	6.2	45.6	30.5
\$10,001 to \$20,000	1,156	13.5	23.5	10.8	50.6	32.3
\$20,001 to \$30,000	1,134	13.3	24.3	10.4	49.3	32.4
\$30,001 to \$40,000	978	11.4	24.5	12.6	48.9	32.2
\$40,001 to \$50,000	822	9.6	21.9	15.2	42.9	36.4
\$50,001 to \$75,000	1,724	20.2	20.7	18.6	62.3	20.9
\$75,001 or more	1,788	20.9	15.3	18.6	75.1	12.8

¹ Columns do not add to 100 because some children participated in more than one type of nonparental arrangement.
² Center-based programs include day care centers, head start programs, preschools, prekindergarten, and nursery schools.

Source: U.S. Department of Education, National Center for Education Statistics, Early Childhood Program Participation Survey of the National Household Education Surveys Program (NHES), 2001.

No. 560. Licensed Child Care Centers and Family Child Care Providers by State and Other Area: 2003

[Centers as of February; family child care providers as of August]

State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers	State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers	State	Licensed child care centers	Licensed family child care providers
US, total	115,473	299,923	KY	2,173	9,184	OH	3,499	14,487
AL	1,340	1,951	LA	1,920	7,894	OK	1,974	4,558
AK	230	1,371	ME	835	1,834	OR	1,013	5,457
AZ	2,084	4,275	MD	2,547	10,421	PA	3,948	4,796
AR	2,574	1,192	MA	3,242	9,863	RI	436	1,288
CA	14,331	47,049	MI	4,835	14,721	SC	2,288	1,890
CO	2,844	4,735	MN	1,625	13,879	SD	271	1,029
CT	1,622	3,277	MO	1,792	589	TN	3,404	2,089
DE	320	1,671	MS	1,798	2,114	TX	10,870	14,386
DC	371	230	MT	268	1,164	UT	336	2,115
FL	6,641	8,190	NE	839	3,227	VT	623	1,320
GA	2,600	6,564	NV	458	597	VA	2,573	3,632
HI	521	429	NH	822	368	WA	2,219	7,259
ID	790	1,235	NJ	4,100	5,100	WV	606	5,023
IL	3,125	10,900	NM	618	9,279	WI	2,410	8,293
IN	659	3,659	NY	3,705	14,553	WY	257	514
IA	1,497	5,845	NC	4,151	4,966	PR	702	41
KS	1,338	7,307	ND	131	2,154	VI	234	67

Source: Children's Foundation, Washington, DC, *Child Care Center Licensing Study and Family Child Care Licensing Study*, annual (copyright).

No. 561. Charity Contributions—Average Dollar Amount: 1991 to 2000

[Estimates cover households' contribution activity (both cash and in-kind) for the year and are based on respondents' replies as to contribution and volunteer activity of household. For 2000, based on a sample survey of 4,216 persons 21 years old and over conducted during the spring of the following year and subject to sampling variability; see source]

Year and age	All contributing households		Contributors and volunteers		Household income	All contributing households		Contributors and volunteers	
	Average amount (dol.)	Percent of household income	Average amount (dol.)	Percent of household income		Average amount (dol.)	Percent of household income	Average amount (dol.)	Percent of household income
1991	899	2.2	1,155	2.6	2000— Under \$10,000	296	5.5	382	6.7
1995	1,017	2.2	1,279	2.6		\$10,000-\$19,999	465	3.3	624
2000, total	1,623	3.2	2,295	4.0	\$20,000-\$29,999	916	3.9	1,299	5.5
21-24 years	958	2.3	1,635	3.1	\$30,000-\$39,999	1,036	3.1	1,408	4.2
25-34 years	1,002	2.3	1,411	3.1	\$40,000-\$49,999	1,147	2.7	1,638	3.8
35-44 years	1,831	2.8	2,471	3.5	\$50,000-\$59,999	1,566	3.0	1,989	3.8
45-54 years	1,818	2.9	2,632	3.8	\$60,000-\$74,999	1,935	3.0	2,483	3.8
55-64 years	1,888	3.3	2,626	4.3	\$75,000-\$99,999	2,119	2.6	2,530	3.1
65-74 years	1,798	4.5	2,307	5.5	\$100,000 and over	3,976	2.7	4,894	3.3
75 years and over	1,628	5.1	2,498	6.5	Itemizers ¹	2,288	3.6	2,903	4.3
White	1,693	3.2	2,359	4.0	Claimed charitable deduction	2,733	4.0	3,262	4.6
Black	1,488	3.3	2,300	4.3	Didn't claim charitable deduction	868	2.4	1,207	2.9
Hispanic ²	1,276	2.5	2,285	3.6	Non-itemizers	954	2.7	1,464	3.6

¹ Persons who itemized their deductions on their 2000 federal tax returns. ² Hispanic persons may be of any race.

No. 562. Charity Contributions—Percent of Households Contributing by Dollar Amount, 1991 to 2000, and Type of Charity, 2000

[In percent, except as noted. See headnote, Table 561]

Annual amount of household contributions	All households			Givers			Type of charity	2000	
	1991	1995	2000	1991	1995	2000		Percentage of households	Average contribution ¹ (dol.)
None	27.8	31.5	11.7	(X)	(X)	(X)	Arts, culture, humanities	16.6	234
Givers	72.2	68.5	88.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	Education	29.9	508
\$1 to \$100	14.9	15.2	14.2	24.9	24.3	17.6	Environment	19.0	195
\$101 to \$200	8.1	7.2	8.6	13.5	11.6	10.6	Health	38.0	224
\$201 to \$300	7.3	5.7	5.7	12.2	9.2	7.1	Human services	34.7	338
\$301 to \$400	3.3	4.7	3.8	5.6	7.5	4.7	International	6.3	254
\$401 to \$500	3.2	5.2	4.3	5.4	8.3	5.3	Private, community foundations	7.3	238
\$501 to \$600	2.6	3.0	3.2	4.4	4.7	4.0	Public, societal benefit	11.1	251
\$601 to \$700	2.5	2.6	3.1	4.2	4.1	3.8	Recreation - adults	5.9	371
\$701 to \$999	3.4	3.7	6.2	5.7	6.0	7.7	Religion	60.6	1,358
\$1,000 or more	14.5	15.2	31.9	24.2	24.3	39.4	Youth development	33.8	254
Not reported	12.4	5.9	7.3	(X)	(X)	(X)			

X Not applicable. ¹ Average contribution per household making a contribution to the specified type of charity.

Source of Tables 561 and 562: Toppe, Chris, Arthur Kirsch, and Westal, Inc., *Giving and Volunteering in the United States: 2001 Edition*. (Copyright and published by INDEPENDENT SECTOR, Washington, DC, 2002).

No. 563. Private Philanthropy Funds by Source and Allocation: 1990 to 2002

[In billions of dollars (101.4 represents \$101,400,000,000). Estimates for sources of funds based on U.S. Internal Revenue Service reports of individual charitable deductions and household surveys of giving by Independent Sector and the Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University. For corporate giving, data are corporate charitable deductions from the US Internal Revenue Service and the contributions made by corporate foundations as reported by the Foundation Center. Data about foundation donations are based upon surveys of foundations and data provided by the Foundation Center. Estimates of the allocation of funds were derived from surveys of nonprofits conducted by various sources]

Source and allocation	1990	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002
Total funds	101.4	110.4	116.5	119.2	124.0	138.6	159.4	177.4	201.6	228.3	238.5	240.9
Individuals	81.0	87.7	92.0	92.5	95.4	107.6	124.2	138.4	155.2	175.1	182.5	183.7
Foundations ¹	7.2	8.6	9.5	9.7	10.6	12.0	13.9	17.0	20.5	24.6	27.2	26.9
Corporations	5.5	5.9	6.5	7.0	7.3	7.5	8.6	8.5	10.2	10.7	11.0	12.2
Charitable bequests	7.6	8.2	8.5	10.0	10.7	11.5	12.6	13.6	15.6	17.8	17.7	18.1
Allocation:												
Religion	49.8	51.0	52.9	56.4	58.1	61.9	64.7	68.2	71.2	77.0	80.3	84.3
Health	9.9	10.2	10.8	11.5	12.6	13.9	14.0	16.9	18.0	18.8	19.3	18.9
Education	12.4	14.3	15.4	16.6	17.6	19.2	22.0	25.3	27.5	31.7	31.9	31.6
Human service	11.8	11.6	12.5	11.7	11.7	12.2	12.7	16.1	17.4	18.0	20.7	18.7
Arts, culture and humanities	7.9	9.3	9.6	9.7	10.0	10.9	10.6	10.5	11.1	11.5	12.1	12.2
Public/societal benefit	4.9	5.0	5.4	6.1	7.1	7.6	8.4	10.9	11.0	11.6	11.8	11.6
Environment/wildlife	2.5	2.9	3.0	3.3	3.8	3.8	4.1	5.3	5.8	6.2	6.4	6.6
International	1.3	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.9	2.8	2.6	2.9	3.6	3.7	4.1	4.6
Gifts to foundations ^{1 2}	3.8	5.0	6.3	6.3	8.5	12.6	14.0	19.9	28.8	24.7	25.7	22.0
Unallocated ³	-3.0	-1.2	-1.5	-4.9	-8.2	-6.2	6.3	1.5	7.4	25.2	25.9	30.5

¹ Data are from the Foundation Center. ² Estimate for gifts to foundations in 2002 is from Giving USA. ³ Money deducted as a charitable contribution by donors but not allocated to sources. May include gifts to governmental entities, in-kind giving, gifts to new charities.

Source: AAFRC Trust for Philanthropy, Indianapolis, IN, researched and written by the Center on Philanthropy at Indiana University, *Giving USA*, annual (copyright).

No. 564. Foundations—Number and Finances: 1980 to 2002

[48.2 represents \$48,200,000,000. Covers nongovernmental nonprofit organizations with funds and programs managed by their own trustees or directors, whose goals were to maintain or aid social, educational, religious, or other activities deemed to serve the common good. Excludes organizations that make general appeals to the public for funds, act as trade associations for industrial or other special groups, or do not currently award grants. Constant dollar figures based on Consumer Price Index, all urban consumers, supplied by US Bureau of Labor Statistics. Minus sign (-) indicates decrease]

Year	Assets				Total giving ²				Gifts received				
	Current dollars		Constant (1975) dollars		Current dollars		Constant (1975) dollars		Current dollars		Constant (1978) dollars		
	Number of foundations	Amount (bil. dol)	Percent change ¹										
1980.	22,088	48.2	15.8	31.5	2.0	3.4	20.4	2.2	6.3	2.0	-10.4	1.6	-21.0
1985.	25,639	102.1	37.8	51.1	33.1	6.0	19.6	3.0	15.4	5.2	54.2	3.1	48.9
1990.	32,401	142.5	3.6	58.7	-1.7	8.7	9.7	3.6	4.1	5.0	-10.0	2.5	-14.6
1993.	37,571	189.2	7.0	70.5	3.9	11.1	8.8	4.1	5.7	7.8	25.5	3.5	22.0
1994.	38,807	195.8	3.5	71.1	0.9	11.3	1.6	4.1	-0.9	8.1	4.2	3.6	1.5
1995.	40,140	226.7	15.8	80.1	12.6	12.3	8.6	4.3	5.6	10.3	26.9	4.4	23.5
1996.	41,588	267.6	18.0	92.2	14.6	13.8	12.9	4.7	9.6	16.0	56.1	6.7	51.7
1997.	44,146	329.9	23.3	110.6	19.9	16.0	15.5	5.4	12.9	15.8	-1.2	6.4	-3.4
1998.	46,832	385.1	16.7	127.1	14.9	19.5	21.7	6.4	19.8	22.6	42.6	9.0	40.4
1999.	50,201	448.6	16.5	144.9	14.0	23.3	19.9	7.5	17.3	32.1	42.1	12.6	39.0
2000.	56,582	495.6	10.5	154.9	6.9	27.6	18.2	8.6	14.3	27.6	-13.9	10.5	-16.7
2001.	61,810	476.8	-3.8	144.8	-6.5	30.5	10.7	9.3	7.6	28.7	4.0	10.6	1.1
2002.	64,843	435.2	-8.7	130.1	-10.1	30.4	-0.2	9.1	-1.8	22.2	-22.8	8.0	-24.0

¹ Percent change from immediate preceding year. ² Includes grants, scholarships, and employee matching gifts.

Source: The Foundation Center, New York, NY, FC Stats; <<http://fdncenter.org/fcstats/index.html>>; (copyright).

No. 565. Foundations—Number and Finances by Asset Size: 2002

[Figures are for latest year reported by foundations (435,190 represents \$435,190,000,000). See headnote, Table 564]

Asset size	Number	Assets (mil. dol.)	Gifts received (mil. dol.)	Expenditures (mil. dol.)	Grants (mil. dol.)	Percent distribution			
						Number	Assets received	Expenditures	Grants
Total	64,843	435,190	22,163	37,420	30,432	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50,000.	11,369	191	544	796	710	17.5	(Z)	2.4	2.1
\$50,000-\$99,999	5,004	369	163	215	186	7.7	0.1	0.7	0.6
\$100,000-\$249,999	9,352	1,562	455	596	502	14.4	0.4	2.1	1.6
\$250,000-\$499,999	8,530	3,092	441	617	530	13.2	0.7	2.0	1.6
\$500,000-\$999,999	8,957	6,456	794	1,056	902	13.8	1.5	3.6	2.8
\$1,000,000-\$4,999,999	14,004	31,551	3,476	4,380	3,725	21.6	7.2	15.7	11.7
\$5,000,000-\$9,999,999	3,199	22,398	1,865	2,406	1,945	4.9	5.1	8.4	6.4
\$10,000,000-\$49,999,999	3,361	71,547	5,265	6,892	5,487	5.2	16.4	23.8	18.4
\$50,000,000-\$99,999,999	532	37,013	2,501	3,471	2,746	0.8	8.5	11.3	9.3
\$100,000,000-\$249,999,999	333	50,237	2,910	3,886	3,107	0.5	11.5	13.1	10.4
\$250,000,000 or more.	202	210,772	3,749	13,106	10,592	0.3	48.4	16.9	35.0

Z Less than 0.05 percent.

Source: The Foundation Center, New York, NY, *Foundation Yearbook*, annual (copyright).

No. 566. Foundations—Grants Reported by Subject Field and Recipient Organization: 2002

[15,925 represents \$15,925,000,000. Covers grants of \$10,000 or more in size. Based on reports of 1,015 larger U.S. foundations. Grant sample dollar value represented half of all grant dollars awarded by private, corporate, and community foundations. For definition of foundations, see headnote, Table 564]

Subject field	Number of grants		Dollar value		Recipient organization	Number of grants		Dollar value	
	Number	Percent distribution	Amount (mil. dol.)	Percent distribution		Number	Percent distribution	Amount (mil. dol.)	Percent distribution
Total	127,728	100.0	15,925	100.0	Community improvement organizations.	6,605	5.2	828	5.2
Arts and culture	18,674	14.6	1,946	12.2	Educational institutions.	32,442	25.4	5,910	37.1
Education	26,490	20.7	4,209	26.4	Colleges & universities.	14,831	11.6	3,234	20.3
Environment & animals	7,830	6.1	943	5.9	Educational support agencies.	5,707	4.5	888	5.6
Health	15,188	11.9	2,920	18.3	Schools.	8,050	6.3	792	5.0
Human services	33,250	26.0	2,350	14.8	Environmental agencies.	5,136	4.0	609	3.8
International affairs, development & peace	3,025	2.4	413	2.6	Hospitals/medical care facilities.	4,542	3.6	656	4.1
Public/social/benefit	15,480	12.1	1,821	11.4	Human service agencies.	25,214	19.7	1,675	10.5
Science and technology	2,200	1.7	568	3.6	Museums/historical societies.	5,130	4.0	669	4.2
Social sciences	1,567	1.2	310	1.9	Public/general health organizations.	3,188	2.5	628	3.9
Religion	3,912	3.1	429	2.7					
Other	112.0	0.1	15.0	0.1					

Source: The Foundation Center, New York, NY, *Foundation Giving Trends*, annual (copyright). See also <<http://www.fdncenter.org/>>

No. 567. Volunteers by Selected Characteristics: 2002 and 2003

[59,783 represents 59,783,000. Data on volunteers relate to persons who performed unpaid volunteer activities for an organization at any point from September 1, through the survey period in September of the following year.]

Characteristic	2002			2003		
	Total volunteers (1,000)	Percent of population	Median annual hours ¹	Total volunteers (1,000)	Percent of population	Median annual hours ¹
Total, 16 years and over	59,783	27.4	52	63,791	28.8	52
AGE						
17 to 24 years	7,742	21.9	40	8,671	24.1	40
26 to 34 years	9,574	24.8	33	10,337	26.5	36
36 to 44 years	14,971	34.1	52	15,165	34.7	50
46 to 54 years	12,477	31.3	52	13,302	32.7	52
56 to 64 years	7,331	27.5	60	8,170	29.2	60
66 years and over	7,687	22.7	96	8,146	23.7	88
SEX						
Men	24,706	23.6	52	26,805	25.1	52
Women	35,076	31.0	50	36,987	32.2	52
RACE AND HISPANIC ORIGIN						
White ³	52,591	29.2	52	55,572	30.6	52
Black ³	4,896	19.1	52	5,145	20.0	52
Hispanic origin ⁴	4,059	15.5	40	4,364	15.7	40
EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT⁵						
Less than a high school diploma	2,806	10.1	48	2,793	9.9	48
High school graduate, no college ⁶	12,542	21.2	49	12,882	21.7	48
Less than a bachelor's degree ⁷	15,066	32.8	52	15,966	34.1	52
College graduates	21,627	43.3	60	23,481	45.6	60
EMPLOYMENT STATUS						
Civilian labor force	42,773	29.3	48	45,499	30.9	48
Employed	40,742	29.5	48	43,138	31.2	48
Full time ⁸	32,210	28.3	46	33,599	29.6	48
Part time ⁹	8,532	35.4	52	9,539	38.4	52
Unemployed	2,031	25.1	50	2,361	26.7	48
Not in the labor force	17,010	23.7	72	18,293	24.6	66

¹ For those reporting annual hours. ² Includes other races not shown separately. ³ Beginning in 2003, persons who selected this race group only; persons who selected more than one race group are not included. Prior to 2003, persons who reported more than one race group were included in the group they identified as the main race. ⁴ Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. ⁵ Data refer to persons 25 years and over. ⁶ Includes high school diploma or equivalent. ⁷ Includes the categories, some college, no degree; and associate degree. ⁸ Usually work 35 hours or more a week at all jobs. ⁹ Usually work less than 35 hours a week at all jobs.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, USDL 03-888, December 17, 2003. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/volun.pdf>>.

No. 568. Volunteers by Type of Main Organization: 2003

[Data represents the percent of the population involved in the activity. See headnote, T. 567]

Type of main organization ¹	Sex			Age		Race and Hispanic or Latino origin		
	Total, both sexes	Men	Women	Total, 16 years and over	25 years and over	White	Black	Hispanic or Latino
Civic and political ²	6.4	8.1	5.2	6.4	6.7	6.5	5.0	5.8
Educational or youth service	27.4	24.7	29.3	27.4	26.7	27.3	27.4	38.5
Environmental or animal care	1.7	1.9	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.7	0.4	0.7
Hospital or other health	8.2	6.3	9.6	8.2	8.1	8.4	5.9	5.5
Public safety	1.2	2.1	0.5	1.2	1.2	1.3	0.5	0.6
Religious	34.6	33.9	35.1	34.6	35.4	33.7	44.7	32.4
Social or community service	11.8	12.6	11.2	11.8	11.5	11.9	10.5	9.6
Sport and hobby ³	4.1	5.5	3.2	4.1	4.2	4.3	1.7	1.9
Other	3.1	3.4	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	1.8	3.5
Not determined	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.1	1.7

¹ Main organization is defined as the organization for which the volunteer worked the most hours during the year. See headnote for more details. ² Includes professional and/or international. ³ Includes cultural and/or arts.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, News, USDL 03-888, December 17, 2003. See also <<http://www.bls.gov/news.release/pdf/volun.pdf>>.